The Columbian.

VOL. 43. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY MAY 6, 1909. NO. 18.

WHEN YOU WANT TO

Open a Bank Account Have a Check Cashed

Borrow Money, or Make an Investment

CALL ON THE OLD RELIABLE—

The Farmers National Bank

OF BLOOMSBURG

Capital, $60.000 **Surplus $100,000**

C M. CREVELING, PRES. M. MILLEISEN, CASHIER.

DIRECTORS

J. L. MOYER N. U. FUNK C. M. CREVELING C. A. KLEIM
W. L. WHITE C. W. RUNYON DR. J. J. BROWN M. MILLEISEN

3 Per Cent. Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

MINSTRELSY AND CONCERT.

On Friday evening there will be given in the Columbia Theatre an entertainment under the auspices of the Citizens' Band, which will include a minstrel entertainment for the first part, and a band concert for the second part.

Rehearsals have been going on for some time, and the entertainment promises to be one of the best, if not the very best of the kind, ever given here.

The musical part will be under the leadership of Prof. Chas. P. Elwell, who will direct the band and orchestra.

The business management is in the hands of Edmund Savidge.

The Citizens Band is an organization of which the town has every reason to be proud. There are few better ones outside of the cities, and not many there. The Band has given its services freely on many occasions, and it has given open air concerts that have delighted thousands. Now, when they are asking for help, they are entitled to a very liberal patronage.

It takes money to run a band. Instruments, uniforms, music, and many other items of expense must be met in some way. They are not asking for donations, but are offering an evening's enjoyment that will be a very large equivalent for the price of a ticket.

A good brass band is a necessity in every up-to date community. Bloomsburg is up-to-date. It has a splendid brass band. Help it along by your patronage.

The following program will be rendered:

PART ONE.

Minstrels.

Overture. Company and Orchestra.
End Song. I Was a Hero.
Paul Harman.
Solo. For all Eternity.
Frank Hower.
End Song.
Under the Silvery Congo Moon.
Jas. Brown.
Introduction of Premier Ends.
Kemp and Williams.
End Song. I'm Goin' Away.
John Williams.
Solo. Always Me.
Steward Hartman.
End Song. I live in Lazy Land.
Clyde Kemp.
Bass Solo.
The Clink of the Miser's Gold.
Chas. White
Finale We'll Raise the Roof Tonight
Company and Orchestra.

PART TWO.

The Twin Comedians. Dalbey and Vial.
The Lanky Yankee Boys in Blue.

Band Concert.

1. March. The Headliner, Troutman.
2. Overture.
Morning, Noon and Night. Suppe.
3. a. Dream of Autumn. Losey.
b. Intermezzo. Kisses. Hubbell.
4. March. Queen of Sheba. Gounod.
5. Waltz Mondaine. Bosc.
6. Idyll Forge in the Forest. Michaelis.

Finale.

My Dream of the U. S. A.
Chorus. Orchestra and Band.

The end men will be Otto Kemper, "Red" Edgar, Paul Harman, Jas. Brown. The Premier Ends, Clyde Kemp and John Williams. Ralph Phillips will be interlocutor.

There will be an elaborate first part setting with electrical effects. There promises to be an exceptionally large audience, which this organization certainly deserves.

Two Williamsport ladies who placed well filled market baskets in convenient places while they did some additional shopping, returned to find that enterprising sneak thieves had appropriated the baskets and their contents. The moral of this is, keep your basket with you.

RECENT DEATHS.

JOHN F. KELLY.

John F. Kelly died at his home on East Seventh street at about 12:30 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon. Death was due to a complication of diseases. He was aged about 64 years.

He is survived by his widow and the following children: Mrs. Ray Cain, Edward, Anna, Ethel, Rupert, Winifred, Julia, Mable, Robert and Charity.

Mr. Kelly came to Bloomsburg many years ago, and for a long time was employed as engineer at the McKelvy & Neal furnace, up to the time of the closing down of that industry. He was an expert mechanic, and since that time he has been employed by Harman & Hassert, until his illness compelled him to cease work.

Mrs. Kelly is a sister of Charles L. Rupert, the well-known green truck dealer.

CORONER BRENNEN'S WIFE DIES.

Mrs. Robert Brennen, wife of the Coroner of Columbia county, and one of the best known women in Centralia, died at her home in that place on Tuesday morning at 2 c'clock. Death was due to apoplexy. She was aged 48 years.

Mrs. Brennen, whose maiden name was Kate Langdon, was a teacher in the public schools of Centralia for twenty-three years. She had the greatest respect of all who knew her.

Besides being an active member of St. Ignatius Roman Catholic church she was a member of the Ladies' Auxiliary to the Ancient Order of Hibernians and of the Sanctuary Society of the Catholic church.

Besides her husband she is survived by the following children: Miss Nellie Brennen, school teacher at Mid Valley; Miss Rose Brennen and Robert, Ignatius and Mary Brennen, all of whom reside at home.

She is also survived by her brother, Deputy Sheriff John J. Langdon, a sister, Mrs. Mary Donahue, of Mt. Carmel, and a half brother, Michael O'Hara, who is a county commissioner in Dodge county, Neb.

The funeral will be held from St. Ignatius church, Centralia, on Saturday morning at 9 o'clock. Interment will be made in the St. Ignatius Catholic cemetery.

ANOTHER FIRE.

The third fire within two weeks occurred on Tuesday night. At about 9 o'clock the roof of the residence of Barton Shaffer on Eighth street was discovered to be in flames. The fire alarm soon called the several fire companies to the scene, and the fire was soon under control. The fire was first seen and the alarm given by Mrs. E. J. Brown who lives near by.

All the household goods on the first floor, and nearly all on the second were removed. Three bed room suits, carpets, and other articles in the attic were destroyed. There was insurance on the building, but none on the goods.

Mr. Shaffer has been unfortunate with fire. Two years ago he lost his barn, horse, wagons, and everything in the barn.

The cause of the fire is a mystery, as there was no fire in the house except in the kitchen stove. There are no electric wires in the house, and no one had been in the attic for some days.

Potatoes are now selling at 1.20 to 1.25 a bushel. The reason for the high price is said to be the short crop last season.

—COMPTROLLER'S CALL.—

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF

The Bloomsburg National Bank

At the Close of Business April 28, 1908.

RESOURCES.		LIABILITIES.	
U. S. Bonds	$100,000.00	Capital Stock,	$100,000.00
Loans and Investments	570,965.82	Surplus and Profits	56,492.22
Furniture and Fixtures	8,000.00	Circulation	99,000.00
Cash and Reserve	107,571.17	Deposits	531,044.77
	$786,536.99		$786,536.99

WM. H. HIDLAY, CASHIER. A. Z. SCHOCH, PRESIDENT

MEMORIAL DAY.

At a regular meeting of the Managers of Rosemont Cemetery, held on Monday evening, May 3rd, and which, by invitation, was attended by representatives of Ent Post—

It was moved not to allow bands of music and concourse of people and children to enter the cemetery grounds, when and while the Memorial ceremonies were in progress.

After discussion of the subject, Mr. Holmes moved to amend as follows:

That Ent Post, C. B. Brockway Camp Sons of Veterans, and school children with flowers be allowed to enter the cemetery and circle for Memorial services.

Seconded by Mr. C. C. Peacock

And after more consideration and discussion—

Mr. Peacock moved to amend Mr. Holmes' motion as follows:

That the cemetery gates be closed at 2 p. m. and opened to the public after the aforesaid bodies, to-wit: Ent Post No. 250, Brockway Camp Sons of Veterans, and children who are in the procession carrying flowers, leave the cemetery grounds.

Mr. Holmes seconded the above amendment, which was carried.

It will be observed that the public and the band are not to enter during the Memorial ceremonies, but after they are concluded and the Post and Camp and flower children have left the grounds the gates will be opened; but perfect decorum and quiet must be observed by visitors and others. Heretofore much damage has been done by the careless tramping over graves and grounds which must be discontinued.

THE AUTO RACE.

The contest between various makes of autos, carried on by the Harrisburg Auto Club, passed through Bloomsburg on Wednesday afternoon. It created much interest, and the street in front of the Exchange Hotel was crowded with hundreds of people.

The cars showed that they had passed over very muddy roads, and the men in them looked like coal miners.

Due here at 2:06 o'clock yesterday afternoon the first car to arrive was a Franklin, at 2:24, which started out with a perfect score in the morning. This was quickly followed by a Pullman, which also had a perfect score at the opening of the day. Between here and Berwick the Pullman took the lead and arrived in Wilkes-Barre at 4:17, eight minutes ahead of the Franklin.

While on the run from Washington one of the autos ran into a loose horse in the road near York. The horse was killed and the machine overturned. The car was righted and they continued in the race.

KILLED IN A WRECK.

Bruce C. Long, formerly of Catwissa, was killed in a freight wreck on the Delaware &. Hudson Railroad near Hudson, last Thursday night. His home had been at Wilkes-Barre for the past two months, and he was employed as a freight brakeman.

The cause of the wreck was the breaking of a wheel flange, by which twelve cars were derailed. Long was found under the wreckage. He was aged 28 years, and leaves a wife and two children, and his parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Long who reside in Catawissa.

NORMAL SCHOOL ELECTION.

The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Bloomsburg State Normal School, was held on Monday.

The following named trustees whose terms had expired were elected on the part of the stockholders; L. E. Waller, N. U. Funk and O. W. Cherrington, and the following were again nominated to the superintendent of Public Instruction for trustees on the part of the state: Charles W. Miller, Paul E. Wirt and C. C. Peacock.

Prior to the election, at 1:30 p. m. dinner was served in the school dining hall to the trustees and other officials, the following persons being present: Trustees, A. Z. Schoch, J. C. Brown, John M. Clark, O. W. Cherrington, Paul E. Wirt, Fred G. Yorks, C. C. Peacock, A. L. Fritz, R. E. Hartman, J. R. Townsend, Dr. J. J. Brown, N U. Funk, C. W. Miller and Granville J. Clark; Dr. D. J. Waller, H. Bruce Clark, treasurer and H. S. Barton and S. S. Peacock, tellers.

A number of important amendments were also made to the constitution, the name of the institution being amended to read: Bloomsburg State Normal School and Literary Institute of The Sixth District; the time of holding the annual stockholders' meeting changed from the first Saturday to the first Monday in May; designating the officers of the corporation as president, vice president, secretary and treasurer, increasing the quorum from five to seven, fixing the capitol stock at $39,490, divided into 1997 shares, prohibiting dividends, and placing all profits of the institution into improvements.

During the day the Trustees made an inspection of the buildings.

ADMITTED TO THE BAR.

John A. Moran, Esq., was admitted to practice law in the courts of Columbia county, on Monday, on motion of G. M. Tustin, Esq. Mr. Moran is the son of the late John Moran of Centralia He read law here for a time in the office of William Chrisman, Esq., and last year graduated at the Law School of Dickinson College, Carlisle, and was admitted to practice in the Supreme Court. He is located in Centralia.

NEW LIBRARIAN.

Mrs. Mary Worthington who has been the very efficient librarian of the Public Library almost from the start, has been compelled to resign the position by ill health, and the Board of Managers has elected Miss Elizabeth V. Clark of Wyoming, Delaware, to fill the vacancy.

Miss Clark is a trained librarian, with a number of years experience.

ATTENDED CONVENTION.

The following delegates attended the session of the Women's Missionary Society of the Wyoming Classis of the Reformed church at Watsontown last week: Mrs. J. D. Thomas, Mrs. O. W. Cherrington and Miss Mary Rhodes, of town; and Mrs. Anna McHenry and Mrs. A. Houtz, of Orangeville.

W. H. Brooke has moved his office from the Farmers' National Bank building to the rooms recently vacated by the Columbia and Montour Trolley Company, in the First National Bank building over the post office.

Townsend's

SUITS, HATS,

SHIRTS, HOSE,

NECKWEAR.

TOWNSEND'S

CORNER

CLOTHING STORE,

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

SLEEP BY ELECTRICITY

Many Experiments With the New Anaesthesia.

STUDIED FIVE YEARS

Work Inspired by Professor Stephen Luduc, of France—Gone Far Along the Path of Experimentation—Luduc Twice Applied the Current to Himself.

Important experiments in the use of electricity as an anaesthetic have been made recently before the Society of Chemical Surgery in the laboratory of experimental surgery in connection with the College of Physicians and Surgeons at Columbia University.

The work here has been inspired by Dr. Stephane Leduc of the College of Medicine, Nantes, France, who has gone far along the path of experimentation having twice applied the current to himself.

The current which produces the "electric sleep" as the French call it, is different from any previously known. There is a special apparatus for its application, the principal feature of which is an interrupter by means of which a maximum of more than 6,000 interruptions a minute may be given. The current is of low tension and constant direction—that is to say, a current which acts for a time, ceases, recommences and so on by regular intervals.

As soon as the interruptions cease the return to consciousness is immediate, and this return has no relation whatever in appearance or sensation to the return from unconsciousness induced by present anaesthetics.

Electric sleep comes almost immediately within a minute or two after the current is turned on while those who have witnessed the administration of chloroform, ether or ethyl chloride know that it is a process sometimes taking half an hour or more, dependent upon the resisting power and general condition of the patient.

Experiments for local anaesthesia by means of this interrupting current, which have formed part of the experiments at Columbia, were completely successful. It was shown that by placing an electrode over a medium nerve in the wrist the whole body fed by that nerve was affected. The return to the "norm" was instantaneous with no condition of impaired circulation. Dogs were used in these experiments, rather than cats, rabbits or squirrels, for the reason that the dog's nervous system closely resembles the human, and its intelligence is of help in that it would show some resentment if it suffered and would run away from a further experimenting. Some of the dogs have been on the operating table five or six times, and do not apparently mind it in the least.

So far the one weak link in the chain of successful experimenting has been in the matter of respiration, the interrupting current when applied with too great intensity, leaving the heart action perfectly free, but paralyzing the breathing an effect which has to be met by producing an artificial respiration, which is done by the application of another electric current.

All of the physicians at the laboratory agree that a new era in surgery is at hand when the old time horrors of the operating table will be no more.

"There is no branch of medicine and surgery that it will not reach," they say. "The insomnia that comes from excessive pain the terrible neuralgic spasms, the pangs of childbirth even—the attendant pains of which have always been one of the reproaches of medical science—all these and more will be relieved. When the anaesthetic properties of chloroform were announced, its discoverer was looked upon as a savior, and at his death a tablet was erected to his memory in Westminster Abbey; but just as we look back now with horror at the idea that the old time palliative to pain could be offered, so shortly we will look back with the same horror at the idea of using any of the present anaesthetics and drugs that are employed."

Optics in Painting.

In order to avoid undesirable chemical mixtures, a few painters nowadays resort to the rather interesting expedient of putting little dabs of different colors alongside of each other (instead of combining them) in such a way as to produce the requisite optical effect when the picture is viewed from a distance. In other words, reliance is had in the principle of optics, the tints being fused by the eye.

Incidentally to the scientific examination of a vauable picture, resort is sometimes had nowadays to the expedient of cutting from one of its edges a tiny strip about a millimeter in widtn and a couple of inches long, which is thereupon divided into a number of smaller pieces for microscopic examination. When one of these pieces is placed beneath the microscope it may be observed in cross section, the touches made by the painter appear in parallel bands laid on in chronological order. "By the means," says Dr. Lemaire, "we learn the nature, the make-up, and even the age of the several layers of the painting."—The Saturday Evening Post.

WONDERFUL TALKING CROW.

26 Years Old and Loves a Lively Conversation.

The greatest talking crow on earth has celebrated its twenty-sixth year of captivity. It is the property of Homer McGee, a son of a carpenter of Cameron, Mo.

The bird is in the habit of greeting various persons whom he meets in the streets in a loud voice, though aside from a few words, his vocabulary is little known to the ordinary citizen. But at home he becomes loquacious, and his owner is sometimes compelled to insist that crows shall be seen and not heard.

One gray-haired woman relates that she was leaving home on a certain afternoon when she heard a cry of "Grandma! Grandma!" She looked everywhere, thinking that her little grandson had come, but presently saw the crow peeping mischievously from the housetop.

When the writer visited him at his home the bird called members of the family "Pa," "Ma," "Nora," and

Talking Crow and Its Owner.

"Homer." His interrogative, "What for?" was interposed in various parts of the conversation with most laughable results. He called the chickens to their feed, clucked like a hen and mewed like a kitten. It was said that he enjoyed a dog fight above all else, encouraged it in the beginning by shouting "Hi-hi-hi!" and adding fuel by spirited ejaculations of "Sick 'em!" and "Lick 'em!"

Making Electric Light Bulbs.

The process of making the miniature electric light bulbs that are used in such profusion now for decorative and advertising purposes is one requiring a great deal of manual skill, or, rather, skill both of the hand and mouth, for they are blown by mouth from glass tubes, which are imported specially for the purpose. The large bulbs used for ordinary lighting purposes are made by machinery.

The biggest factory for the manufacture of these tiny bulbs is in Hudson street, New York, and it turns out in the busy season nearly 3,000 bulbs a day. The first process is blowing the bulb. The end of the glass tube is softened in a gas flame and closed, and then a spot in the centre of the tube is held in the flame until it becomes soft enough to work. When that point is reached the operator blows it up to the required size and then lays it aside. During the blowing process the tube is kept constantly turning in order to preserve the symmetrical outlines of the bulb. This part of the work is done by men. Women do not seem to possess lung power enough for it.

While this is going on, girls in another part of the shop are at work soldering on the little specks of carbon which are to furnish the light to tiny wires. The bulbs are closed at one end, cut off the tube, and passed to a girl who sets the carbons into them and passes them on to another workman who anneals them on to a fork containing five bulbs, all communicating with a trunk tube. This in turn is annealed on a branch which contains twenty-five bulbs. These branches are then taken to the exhausting room, where they are attached to a series of air pumps and the air is exhausted from them. Each bulb is then subjected to a gas flame again, and the end is hermetically sealed. After this come the minor operations of finishing, testing and fitting to sockets. Each lamp is tested three times before it is allowed to go out, and it must also conform, as to size, to a standard measurement.

The Old-Style Menagrie.

The first elephants seen in the United States were exhibiting in tavern barns, moving from town to town in the night, to prevent the inhabitants from "seeing the elephant" free of cost. The earlier circus managers leased their animals from importing speculators. Turner, who toured principally in the East, added a menagerie to his outfit in 1844, leasing an elephant and six cages of animals from James June. In 1847 Turner increased the attraction by exhibiting a hippopotamus made out of leather. As Turner was originally a shoemaker, perhaps he manufactured the fake beast himself. As late as 1872, George F. Bailey & Co. toured New England and the middle states with a caged stuffed giraffe in their collection of "wild beasts." In 1851 the Turners, sons of the original Turner, purchased their animals, and it is claimed that they were the first managers in this country to do so.—Collier's Weekly.

Wives and Daughters Pawned.

They have a curious way of utilizing wives and daughters in some parts of India. If a man wants money he puts these members of his establishment in pawn and his creditor detains them until the debt is discharged. The custom varies in different localities. In Melore the Yercals pledge their daughters to creditors, who may either marry them or give them away, and a man who has to go to jail deposits his wife with another family of her tribe until his return. In North Arcot unmarried daughters are frequently mortgaged and become the absolute property of the holder until liquidation.

385 POUNDS AND STILL GROWING.

Only 28 Years of Age and Miss Carter is in Good Health.

By the time she has attained her full growth Miss Cassie M. Carter of South Bluehill, Me., can justly lay claim to being one of the largest women in the country. Although but 28 years of age, she already tips the scales at 385 pounds, and with good health and good appetite in her favor, is gradually increasing in dimensions.

What the limit will be, and how soon it will be reached, Miss Carter, of course, does not know and if the subject is giving her any worriment it is certainly not causing her to lose flesh.

She has an appetite which calls for three generous meals per day, and the matter of dieting as a means of reducing her weight has apparently not received her serious consideration.

Added to this healthful appetite is a love for exercise in the open air, and summer visitors at South Bluehill have marveled at the vision of this

Miss Cassie M. Carter.

extraordinary woman indulging in all sorts of games with the young folks and bouncing about in the surf.

When Miss Carter was born there was nothing to distinguish her from thousands of other children. She weighed only 6½ pounds, and partook of all the characteristics of her parents.

Her father weighed 150 pounds and her mother only 115 pounds.

The father died when Miss Carter was 13, and she has since made her home with her mother, to whom, in many senses of the word, she is a "big help." The child's gain in weight was only normal until she was a year old, but from that moment to the present her physical progress has been of the most remarkable character.

At the age of 20 months she weighed 65 pounds and made a substantial lapful for a mother, who could boast only 115 pounds. The bouncing which she received upon the paternal knee was considerably limited on this account. The baby carriage was made of the very strongest material, and the mother who trundled it often kept an anxious eye upon the wheels and springs, fearful of disaster.

At the age of five Cassie stepped upon the scales in the village grocery, surrounded by a wondering group of the townspeople. The grocer tried the 100 pound weight and the beam flew up with a force which threatened to put the scales out of commission. When the notch marked 62 was reached the beam remained suspended, and Bluehill had the champion 5-year-old, with a weight of 162 pounds.

Two years later the girl weighed 211 pounds and her fame spread throughout the eastern part of the state. Her subsequent gain was steady, and has brought her notoriety which would be very annoying had she not been accustomed to it from childhood.

Miss Carter's latest measurements, taken a few days ago for a Globe correspondent, are as follows: Height, 4 feet 8 inches; around the waist, 4 feet 5 inches; around the bust 5 feet; around the hips, 6 feet.

With such dimensions it may be readily understood that Miss Carter long since despaired of obtaining wearing apparel in the manner of other women. All her clothing is made by herself and mother, for it is impossible to find anything in the stores which will fit, even stockings. Instead of shoes she wears the widest kind of slippers.

Bargain day at the local dry goods store is entirely lacking for her in the attractions which it has to other women of her age.

Her daily occupation is housework and she is surprisingly nimble in the performance of it.

She is present at most of the school events in her town, and occasionally indulges in dancing, although she is very modest about her ability in that line.

She chats in a very interesting manner, with all who wish to talk to her and is entirely free from sensitiveness about questions which concern her size and weight. Her unfailing good nature makes her a general favorite among the townspeople.

The Wonderful Umbrella Tree.

The umbrella tree is found in Ceylon in greater profusion than anywhere else in the world. As a matter of scientific fact these trees grow to their greatest height and attain to their greatest size in very wet, rainy countries. This gowth frequently is due to the fact that the tree requires a great deal of moisture, and not because it is needed to keep off the rain. The tree forms so complete an umbrella that a number of persons might take shelter under its spreading branches. The foliage is, as a rule, so thick that it serves to keep off the rain almost perfectly even in a heavy downpour.

HOTEL OF MANY GRIEVANCES.

Accepts Guests Only When in the Right Humor.

In the Petrolia circuit of hotels is one that runs intermittently, as an oil well flows. If all the members of the family are in good humor and at peace with the world, it is open for business and the traveller or wayfarer finds good cheer beneath its roof. But if there happens to be a row on, or other internal dissension, it is impossible to get a bed or board. This sometimes causes the travelling public annoyance, for it is the only hotel in the town; but travelling men who "make" the Petrolia towns have become used to it, and they make the best of it.

Besides the landlord, the family is composed of his wife and two daughters. Their man of all work is a negro porter. If the "old man" is in a miff he refuses to admit a guest to the house. If the wife and daughter are out of sorts, they refuse to cook for guests. If it is only a kitchen grievance, guests are given rooms, but they must find meals outside. If the trouble is in front, there is neither bed nor board. While hostilities are on the women sew or visit the neighbors and the "old man" and the porter play "pitch." If it is a kitchen row the "old man" is particularly agreeable, but if it is his own grievance only the porter can get along with him.

One afternoon a traveller struck the town when the "old man" was in a bad humor. "We are not receiving people to-day," the landlord said, without stopping his game of "pitch." "Why not?" the traveller, who was a stranger, asked. "That's my business," replied the landlord. "Well, may I sit here and rest?" "No; you may leave your grip here, but you can't stay yourself. You disturb the game." Just then the porter caught the "old man's" jack and he added angrily, "No, and you can't leave your grip here, either."—Kansas City Star.

A Famous Old Arithmetic.

The present generation is inclined to think of Daboll as the father of arithmetic, and those who possess a copy of his work think they have a treasure, indeed.

The Star representative, however, has privilege of reviewing a text book in mathematics published 73 years before the famous Daboll was born. This book is undoubtedly one of the oldest owned in Otsego county, and is considered a great curiosity by all who have seen it.

It is the work of Edward Cocker, printed November 27, 1667, by John Collins, two years after the author's death. The work is famous, since it was for years considered a forgery of Collins, and in its day caused much discussion in the colleges of England.

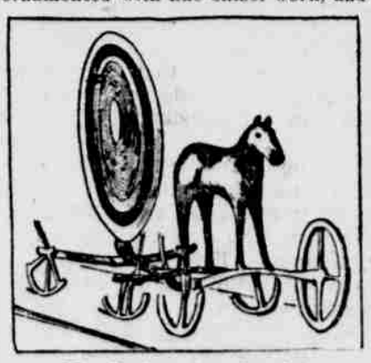
Collins, who was an actor and poet and an intimate friend of Edward Cocker, dispelled the accusations against him by proving manuscript for the book to have been Cocker's. The latter was one of the most famous authorities on arithmetic of his day and published many books.

The fact that the mutliplication table appears in the book gives some force to the common expression, "As old as the multiplication table."

Primary pupils of to-day who are inclined to believe that this combination of figures was especially prepared to rack their memory should find some satisfaction in the knowledge that children of at least two and a half centuries have drilled upon it.—Oneonta Star.

The Ancient Chariot of the Sun.

This curious bronze object was dug up recently in Sweden. It represents the chariot of the sun, and was a votive offering to the sun god of the ancient Scandinavians. It is richly ornamented with fine chisel work, and



The Curious Sun Chariot.

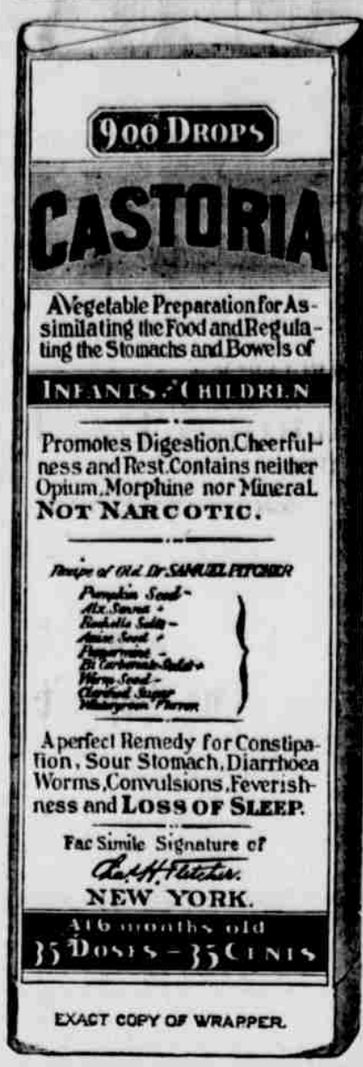
the disk representing the sun shows traces of gilding. Of the six wheels only one remains entire.

The Greatest Ocean Depths.

The deepest sounding ever made by any vessel, says The National Geographic Magazine, was by the United States steamship Nero while on the Honolulu-Manila cable survey, with apparatus borrowed from the Albatross. When near Guam the Nero got 5,269 fathoms, or 31,614 feet, only sixty-six feet less than six miles. If Mount Everest, the highest mountain on earth, were set down in this hole, it would have above its summit a depth of 2,612 feet, or nearly half a mile of water.

Thomas Jefferson's Andirons.

Mrs. George Horn, of Newark, N. J., has in her possession a set of antique andirons formerly owned by Thomas Jefferson. They were purchased at a sale of a tenant, who lived at Monticello. Thomas Hilts of Bridgewater, Va., came into possession of them at that time (1826) and they remained in his family until purchased by the present owner last July. The outfit consists of two brass andirons and a brass topfender, and all are in a splendid state of preservation.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THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

A childless home is a cheerless home The maternal instinct exists in every woman, and when it is ungratified she is deprived of much of the happiness of life. It often happens that childlessness is due to some cause which can be removed, and often is removed by the use of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription. The vigor and vitality which this remedy imparts to the delicate womanly organs, puts them in a condition of normal health, the lack of which is often the sole obstruction to maternity. Every woman should read Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, a book containing 1008 pages and 700 illustrations. It is sent entirely free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing only. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the paper bound volume, or 31 stamps for cloth covered. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, 663 Main Street, Buffalo, N. Y.

—She—"Oh, a woman can always pull the wool over a man's eyes." He—"I guess that's right. Woman owes her very existence to the fact that Adam was once caught napping.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher.

SHAKE OFF THE GRIP of your old enemy, Nasal Catarrh, by using Ely's Cream Balm. Then will all the swelling and soreness be driven out of the tender, inflamed membranes. The fits of sneezing will cease and the discharge, as offensive to others as to yourself will be stopped when the causes that produce it are removed. Cleanliness, comfort and renewed health by the use of Cream Balm. Sold by all druggists for 50 cents, or mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, baronial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from $1.50 per 1000 printed, up to $5.00. Largest stock in the county to select from.

Trespass Notices.

Card signs "No Trespassing" for sale at this office. They are printed in accordance with the late act of 1903. Price 5 cents each. tf

Helpful Beauty Hints

A Typewriter Tells How She Keeps Erect and Her Neck from Sagging—A Tight Collar Fatal to a Beautiful Throat—Valuable Suggestions By One Who Knows

"How do I keep my back straight and my neck from sagging?" said the woman who spent hours each day at a typewriter. "I write with my chest up and my eyes turned ceilingward.

"I never allow myself to stoop, sitting well back on my chair to make the erect position possible, and whenever I do not have to look at my copy I throw the neck back.

"When taking dictation it is quite easy to keep the head up and I arrange my notes on a rack on the level with my eyes. Naturally I use the touch system so the keys need not be watched.

"Often, when working in a room by myself I twist my head and take neck-stretching movements while writing to fight off the double chin and sagging throat muscles that are so common for women who sit at a desk or piano much.

"The way I happened to think of combining neck development and work was by watching my grandmother. Her throat is as thin and supple as a girl's though she is nearly 80, and she has none of the sagging and lines that most of us connect with age.

"She told me that whenever she got a chance during the day, whenever she had to plan any of her work or wanted a minute's rest, she sat with her eyes turned heavenward, her chest up and the muscles at the back of the neck contracted.

"Often as she sat there she would massage the throat muscles with the tips of her fingers or draw the palms of her hands alternately from the line of her chin toward her chest. She usually carried a small tube of cold cream in her pocket and would put just enough on her fingers to keep the skin from getting sore.

"How did she manage about her collar? She never wore one around the house, but had her morning frocks made with a narrow surplice neck to give freedom and air to the throat.

"Grandmother never went to a beauty doctor in her life but she agrees with most of them that a tight collar is fatal to a beautiful throat. I cannot go collarless in an office but I take it off the minute I reach home and always wear a Dutch neck dress in the evening."

Cucumber Milk.

The formula for cucumber cream is as follows:

Oil of sweet almonds, 4 ounces; fresh cucumber juice, 10 ounces; essence of cucumbers, 3 ounces; white castile soap (powdered), 1-2 ounce; tincture of benzoin, 2-3 dram.

To obtain the juice of the cucumbers slice them very thin, skin and all, cover with a very little water and let cook slowly until soft and mushy; press through a fine sieve, then strain through a cheesecloth. To make the essence, take equal parts of pure alcohol and the juice; put the essence and soap in a jar, the larger the better, as the mixture requires much shaking; after the soap is fully dissolved add the cucumber juice. Shake until thoroughly mixed, then pour into a bowl and add the oil and benzoin, stirring until you have a creamy substance. Put into small bottles, tightly corked and keep in a dark place. It does not require a preservative other than the Oriental paste, it is best to use the fresh figs and apricots; if these are not to be had the dried fruit can be used.

Almond Meal.

Almond meal is excellent to use on tender hands, and good preparations may be found already made up. Below are directions for making it.

Almond meal, in fine powder, prepared from blanched bitter almonds, after the oil has been extracted, 6 ounces; orris root, in fine powder, 4 ounces; wheat flour, 4 ounces; white castile soap, in fine powder, 1 ounce; borax in fine powder, 1 ounce; oil of bitter almonds, 10 drops; oil of bergamot, 2 drams; tincture of musk, 1 dram. Mix thoroughly, and pass the mixture through a fine sieve.

Tested Recipes.

Antiseptic for the Hair.

Quinine bisulphate, 2 grains; spirits of rosemary, 2 ounces; alcohol, 2 ounces.

Flesh Food.

Lanoline, 2 ounces; almond oil, 6 ounces; white wax, 3-4 ounce; glycerine, 1-2 ounce; spermaceti, 3-4 ounce; tincture of benzoin, 30 drops.

Astringent.

Eau de cologne, 1-2 ounce; eldflower water, 6 ounces; powdered alum, 20 grains.

Massage Cream.

Express oil of sweet almonds, 80 minims; fresh cucumber juice, 1 ounce; lanoline, 4 drams; oil of rose, 4 drops.

Melt the oil and lanoline in a double boiler; remove from fire and stir in cucumber juice; before the mixture cools add the perfume; beat until cool.

Slap the Hollow Back.

A gulley between the shoulder blades is fatal to beauty. This hollow can sometimes be filed out by a treatment of vigorous slapping with the palm of the hand. This developes the muscles and makes flesh.

KANSAS THEORY OF RAIN.

Dispute as to Whether Kansas Gets Hers From Snow or Gulf.

The theory that the rainfall of Kansas depends very largely on the winter fall in the Rocky Mountains of Colorado is not supported by Dr. Snow, of the University of Kansas, who believes that the rains of Kansas are caused by winds from the Gulf of Mexico. The United States Weather Bureau recently sent out warnings to persons in eastern Colorado and parts of Nebraska stating that on account of a deficiency in the snowfall in the mountains last winter the supply of water in the Platte River for irrigation will be exhausted prematurely. This has called attention and promoted discussion regarding the theory which attributes the rainfall of Kansas to the melting snows of the Rockies.

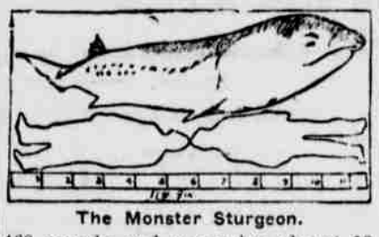
"Nothwithstanding the deficiency of snow in the Rocky Mountain region last winter, the rainfall of Kansas in March and April greatly exceeded the normal amount and furnished a sufficient refutation of the theory that Kansas rainfall depends upon the mountain snow. The most probable source of the moisture which produces the Kansas rainfall is the Gulf of Mexico. The prevailing winds of Kansas in the latter part of spring, the entire summer and the first half of autumn are from the south and southwest.

Dr. Snow's theory is that the winds of western Kansas come from across the hot, sandy country of New Mexico and western Texas, and that the winds of eastern Kansas come from the Gulf. The moisture laden winds of eastern Kansas blow over central northern Texas, central Oklahoma and after crossing Kansas take a northwestern course through southeastern Nebraska, northwestern Missouri and over Iowa. This territory is in the rain belt and is not subject to dry seasons as in western Kansas and parts of other states over which the dry, hot winds from the far southwest pass. These dry winds, after their course over New Mexico and western Texas, cross western Kansas and pursue a course further east in Nebraska than in Kansas and then into the Dakotas.

"The sea breezes from the Gulf of Mexico," said Dr. Snow, "extend westward into south Texas for a considerable distance, gradually veering to the north and joining the regular southwest winds, bringing abundant moisture to the eastern part of Kansas, while the western half of the state, lying beyond the moisture laden winds from the Gulf, has a different rainfall in each locality according to its distance from the northward moving moisture laden currents."—Kansas City Star.

A Twelve Foot Sturgeon.

The biggest fish ever received at the Fulton Market was on exhibition recently. It is a sturgeon weighing



The Monster Sturgeon.

460 pounds, and measuring almost 12 feet in length. If served at one meal this one fish could feed a thousand men. For five hours after its removal, the heart continued to beat. It was placed on a board and was watched by hundreds.

The jumbo sturgeon was caught by some fishermen off the Jersey coast. It ran into a net which it damaged in its wild struggles to escape. The fishermen saw by the commotion in the water that they had made an unusual catch, but when they caught the first sight of the sturgeon they were amazed. A rope was secured about its body with some difficulty, and after a struggle of an hour or two the fish was landed in the fishing smack.

The World's Largest Clock.

With its delicate mechanism hidden in plants, flowers of all sizes and colors, the largest and most wonderful timepiece in the world is to be seen

The Great Floral Clock.

in front of the north entrance to the Palace of Agriculture at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition.

In a maze of vines and foliage skilled artisans have constructed machinery similar to the works of a watch and the floral timepiece will keep as correct time as the most delicate instrument ever turned out by a Swiss watchmaker.

The clock is just sixteen times larger than any timepiece of which the world has any knowledge. The dial contains a circle of flowerbeds one hundred and twelve feet in diameter and the hands are long, green pointers, the largest of which moves five feet a minute. The floral arrangement was planned by the chief of agriculture of the Exposition.

The effect in the daytime will be that of a mass of green moving slowly over a field of white, and pointing at brilliant colored hours and minutes. At night, a glowing indicator will move above glowing numerals. The minute hand alone weighs 2,700 pounds.

Susquehanna Synod.

Sessions Will Be Held From May 12th to 15th at Williamsport.

From May 12 to 15, inclusive, the forty-second annual convention of the Susquehanna synod of the Evangelical Lutheran church will be held in St. Paul's church, Williamsport, the Rev. Charles George Bikle, pastor. About 60 churches are included in the bounds of the synod, including Scranton, Hazleton, Bloomsburg, Danville, Shamokin, Sunbury and as far as Jersey Shore. About 120 ministers and delegates are expected to attend the convention.

The convention will open with an evening session, at 7:30 o' clock, on Wednesday, May, 12. The Rev. J. W. Shannon will conduct devotions, there will be a synodical sermon by the Rev. W. E. Fisher, president, and holy communion.

Hicks' Forecast for May Weather.

Rev. Irl Hick's forecast for May is as follows: 1st to 5th—mild period—Fine enjoyable and spring-like conditions will prevail at most points lying east of the Mississippi river. Rather dull, smoky and dry at many points in western and northwestern sections. 6th to 9th—tornado period—Destructive lightning and hail in Alabama, Georgia and the Carolinas. Tornado storms in Arkansas, Missouri, Iowa and Illinois. Great wind energy expended over the Lake region, Middle Atlantic and the New England states. 10th to 12th—cool period—Abrupt fall of temperature over the Rocky Mountain highland and northwestern states. Cool frosty nights and mornings as far south as Nebraska, Iowa, West Virginia and Maryland. Temperature 28 degrees at Omaha, 30 at Dubuque, 32 at Columbus and 30 at Cumberland. 15th to 20th—storm wave—General rains in New Mexico, Texas and Oklahoma. Thunder storms in upper Mississippi river valley. Unusually damp and foggy over Lake region and the Ohio valley and portions of the Middle Atlantic and New England states. 21st to 26th — mild wave — Seasonable weather in southwest and at all points in south and southeast portions. Clear and dry conditions are due for the Middle west and northwest. 28th to 31st—warm wave—Advanced heat at all points except over the highland region of the west and the mountain sections of the east. Severe drouth in southern Illinois, Indiana and Ohio. Temperature 100 degrees at Wichita, 98 at Cairo and 95 at Cincinnati. The temperature will fall slightly below normal at most points. The rainfall will be excessive in portions of the southwest and Middle Atlantic and New England States, but will be below normal at many points in the west and northwest.

Fisher Will Hang for Killing Mrs. Klinger.

Henry Fisher, convicted of killing Mrs. Sarah Klinger, was sentenced to be hanged by Judge Savidge on Monday at Sunbury.

Fisher as well as the woman killed was a resident of Shamokin. The murder, which took place over a year ago, was an especially cold-blooded and brutal one. Fisher after being convicted, was adjudged insane and brought to the hospital at Danville. Many thought that he was feigning insanity; at all events after being incarcerated for a short time he was removed to the jail at Sunbury.

Fisher's case was taken to the supreme court, but the lower court was sustained. Accordingly sentence was passed upon him.

Fisher was commanded by Judge Savidge to arise and he complied in a stoical, unemotional manner. The court asked him if he had anything to say why sentence should not be passed upon him. He replied that he had nothing to say beyond the fact that he "was not guilty."

Judge Savidge informed him that he had received a fair trial and that a jury of twelve men had adjudged him guility of murder in the first degree.

Then in due and legal form Judge Savidge pronounced the sentence of death. The silence was intense and the words of the judge could be heard in every part of the court room as he informed Fisher that he was to be "hanged by the neck until he was dead."

It only remains now for the Governor to fix the day for the execution.

Peeling Onions Without Tears.

The work of skinning onions, which usually ends in tears, can be made a pleasure by pouring boiling water over them and covering a few minutes before peeling.—*Woman's Home Companion for May.*

STOMACH LIVER LUNGS

Each of the chief organs of the body is a link in the Chain of Life. A chain is no stronger than its weakest link, the body no stronger than its weakest organ. If there is weakness of stomach, liver or lungs, there is a weak link in the chain of life which may snap at any time. Often this so-called "weakness" is caused by lack of nutrition, the result of weakness or disease of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition. Diseases and weaknesses of the stomach and its allied organs are cured by the use of Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery. When the weak or diseased stomach is cured, diseases of other organs which *seem* remote from the stomach but which have their origin in a diseased condition of the stomach and other organs of digestion and nutrition, are cured also.

The strong man has a strong stomach. Take the above recommended "Discovery" and you may have a strong stomach and a strong body.

GIVEN AWAY.—Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser, new revised Edition, is sent *free* on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 21 one-cent stamps for the book in paper covers, or 31 stamps for the cloth-bound volume. Address Dr. R. V. Pierce, Buffalo, N. Y.

House Fly Must Go.

A Few Years Ago Scientists Said He Was Useful—Now He Is Denounced.

Only a few years ago scientists and observers declared that the little housefly was a useful insect; that he absorbed foul air, made way with filth, and was an all around purifier. A meeting was held in New York in which eloquent orators of both sexes defended the buzzer against certain people who wanted to make war on the fly as a general nuisance. But now the sentiment has changed in regard to the fly. Health officers all over the country are uniting in a campaign against the housefly, declared to be one of the most important agents in the spread of typhoid fever and tuberculosis. If the statements of a committee of the New York Merchants' association, which has compiled testimony on this subject from various parts of the United States, are to be credited, it is evident that the average person has failed to realize what a dangerous foe to mankind the innocent appearing little fly really is. To quote the committee's own words, the fly is "more dangerous than the tiger or the cobra, and may easily be classed as the most dangerous animal on earth," which certainly is "going some," if one may employ a flippant colloquialism in treating so serious a subject. Clearly, the housefly is a monster, and it makes little difference where we find it, provided it has the freedom of the town. It is evident that it is time to get after the housefly. Owing to his activity the policy of extermination is apt to be slow when an attempt is made to wipe out the species one at a time. The only way that any progress can be made is by stamping out the breeding places of the fly. Let the same tactics be pursued in fighting the fly that have been employed in battling against the New Jersey mosquito. Cover composit heaps about stables; wipe out the other unclean conditions which enables the fly to exist and multiply in countless numbers; and the question of fly disposal will be half solved. In this zone it is not too early to begin the work for the present year.

A fine new line of Wedding invitations just received at this office.

Neglected Cemeteries.

The unsightly brush-grown old burying ground is a saddening feature of many a rural neighborhood, and will be a long time in evidence, but there will be no increase of these neglected resting places of the dead if a law passed at the recent session of the Legislature is rigidly enforced. It provides that hereafter no charter shall be granted to a cemetery company unless it contains a provision that said company be required to set apart a sum equal to at least one-tenth of the gross amount of funds derived from the sale of lots for the perpetual care and preservation of the grounds and the repair and renewal of the buildings and property.

DR. HUMPHREYS' SPECIFICS.

Directions with each Vial in Five Languages.
English, German, Spanish, Portuguese and French.

No.	FOR	Price
1.	Fevers, Congestions, Inflammations	.25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, or Worm Disease	.25
3.	Colic, Crying and Wakefulness of Infants	.25
4.	Diarrhea, of Children and Adults	.25
5.	Dysentery, Gripings, Bilious Colic	.25
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis	.25
8.	Toothache, Faceache, Neuralgia	.25
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10.	Dyspepsia, Indigestion, Weak Stomach	.25
12.	Croup, Hoarse Cough, Laryngitis	.25
14.	Salt Rheum, Eruptions, Erysipelas	.25
15.	Rheumatism, or Rheumatic Pains	.25
16.	Fever and Ague, Malaria	.25
17.	Piles, Blind or Bleeding, External, Internal	.25
18.	Ophthalmia, Weak or Inflamed Eyes	.25
19.	Catarrh, Influenza, Cold in Head	.25
20.	Whooping Cough, Spasmodic Cough	.25
21.	Asthma, Oppressed, Difficult Breathing	.25
27.	Kidney Disease, Gravel, Calculi	.25
28.	Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness	1.00
29.	Sore Mouth, Fever Sores or Canker	.25
30.	Urinary Incontinence, Wetting Bed	.25
34.	Sore Throat, Quinsy and Diphtheria	.25
35.	Chronic Congestions, Headaches	.25
77.	Grippe, Hay Fever and Summer Colds	.25

A small bottle of Pleasant Pellets, fits the vest pocket. Sold by druggists, or sent on receipt of price.

Medical Book sent free.

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Trial List for May Court.

SECOND WEEK, MAY 10.

Henry Hinderliter vs. Daniel Derr, Trespass. Johnston, Freeze and Harman for plaintiff; Small for defendant.

E. D. Tewksbury, admr., vs. The P. & R. Ry. Co. Trespass. Fisher and Hinckley for plaintiff; Rhawn for defendant.

Catharine Carr vs. Lehigh Valley Coal Co. Trespass. Fritz and Bell for plaintiff; Woodward: d. b. e., for defendant.

Lydia A. Smith vs. The A. C. & F. Co. Trespass. Small and Harman for plaintiff; Sprout, Cupp and G. Herring for defendant.

Jessie Smith intermarried with Fredick Smith vs. Penna. R. R. Co. lessee of N. & W. B. Ry. Co. Trespass. Rhawn and Mensch for plaintiff; Waller for defendant.

Rathbone, Sard & Co. Assumpsit. Jackson for plaintiff; Harman for defendant.

The Fairbanks Co. vs. Berwick Consolidated Gas Co. Assumpsit. Jackson for plaintiff, Harman for defendant.

Albright Son and Co. vs. Berwick Consolidated Gas Co. Assumpsit. J. L. Evans, for plaintiff; Harman for defendant.

Harvey Roach vs. Penna. R. R. Co. Trespass. Ikeler for plaintiff; Waller for defendant.

Dodge and Day vs. Avery Sickles. Assumpsit. Evans for plaintiff; Harman for defendant.

Mary E. McMannimin vs. The Lehigh Valley R. R. Co. Tresspass. Flynn for plaintiff; Ikeler and Ikeler for defendant.

U. A. Knecht vs Penna. R. R. Co. Trespass. Fred Ikeler for plaintiff; Waller for defendant.

Pearl A. Slusser vs. Penna. R. R. Co. Lessee of N. & W. B. Ry. Co. Trespass. Small for plaintiff; Waller for defendant.

Lull Carriage Co. vs. J. L. John and Son. Assumpsit. Fred Ikeler for plaintiff.

Anna H. Musselman, widow of Adam W. W. Musselman, deceased vs. York Bridge Co. C. Herring, G. Herring, Wagonseller, S. P. Wolverton, Sr., S. P. Wolverton, Jr., for plaintiff, Ikeler and Black for defendant.

George W. Rhinard admr. d. b. n. c. t. a. of John Rhinard vs. Susannah Rhinard. Sci. Fa. Sur Mtge. Yost for plaintiff, Harman for defendant.

John Brophy vs. The Township of Cleveland. Trespass. Moser and Maize for plaintiff; Kreischer for defendant.

Wm. H. Hauck vs. Penna. R. R. Co. and Penna. R. R. Co. lessee of S. H. & W. B. Ry. Co. Trespass. Yetter for plaintiff; Waller for defendant.

William Flannagan, Mary A. Flannagan vs. The Lehigh Valley Coal Co. Trespass.

Flynn for plaintiff and Ikeler and C. Herring for defendant.

Howard R. Reimard, Cora A. Reimard vs. B. & S. R. R. Co. Trespass. Duy and Ikeler for plaintiff, Waller for defendant.

Samuel Longenberger vs. The P. & R. Ry. Co. Trespass. Fisher for plaintiff and Rhawn for defendant.

Mrs. Alice Fahr vs. The York Bridge Co. Trespass. Potter for plaintiff and Black for defendant.

John Lenahan vs. Shamokin and Mt. Carmel Transit Co. Trespass. Laubenstine and Flynn for plaintiff, and Wolverton and Wolverton and G. Herring for defendant.

Albert Reeder vs. Harvey Fairchild. Trespass. Small and Ikeler for plaintiff, Evans for defendant.

Charles Reigle vs. Sylvester Shultz. Trespass. Rhawn for plaintiff and Evans for defendant.

Jurors for May Court.

PETIT JURORS—Second Week.

Casper Hower, Catawissa township; E. Koss Kester, Hemlock; W. O. Holmes, Bloomsburg; J. B. Millard, Scott; Hilbert Albertson, Fishingcreek; J. Hess, West Berwick; J. A. Laub, West Berwick; Joseph Rinard, Catawissa; E. D. Hagenbuch, Scott; T. B. Miller, Bloom; Geo. W. Creasy, Center; Seth B. Lehman, Briarcreek; H. M. Bowman, Mifflin; J. W. Burlingame, Scott; W. A. Myers, West Berwick; A. B. Meudenhall, Jackson; C. S. Fornwald, Bloom; Robert Lee, Madison; James Y. Stackhouse, Pine; J. E. Cox, Bloom; John Trinkle, Bloom; Ira B. McHenry, Benton; Ralph Eves, Greenwood; Thomas Turry, Conyngham; Wm. Ikeler, Orangeville; C. A. Shannon, Benton; J. Harvey Hess, Berwick; A. J. George, Bloomsburg; A. C. DeSheppard, Bloom; Alexander Shiner, West Berwick; Calvin Dent, Hemlock; John Custer, Bloom; Bruce Girton, Sugarloaf; W. H. Dennis, Berwick, Frank Hirleman, Jackson; Anthony Cain, Centralia.

Bloomsburg Souvenir Books, 48 half tone pictures, 25 cents, at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT June 1 1904, and until further notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, *11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m.

First car leaves Catawissa Sundays at 7:30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect Feb'y 1st, 1908, 12:05 a. m

NORTHWARD.

	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
	†	†	†	21
Bloomsburg D L & W	9 00	2 37	6 15	6 00
Bloomsburg P & R	9 02	2 39	6 17	...
Paper Mill	9 14	2 52	6 29	6 20
Light Street	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 25
Orangeville	9 26	3 03	6 48	6 50
Forks	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 05
Zaners	†9 40	†3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater	9 48	3 25	7 09	7 40
Benton	9 56	3 33	7 18	8 10
Edsons	†10 00	†3 37	7 17	8 20
Coles Creek	†10 03	†3 40	†7 21	8 16
Laubachs	†10 08	†3 45	†7 31	8 40
Grass Mere Park	†1010	†3 47	†7 33	....
Central	10 15	3 52	7 41	9
Jamison City	10 18	3 55	7 45	1

SOUTHWARD.

	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	22 A.M.
	†	†		‡	†
Jamison City	5 50	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 35
Central	5 53	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	†6 01	†11 00	†4 47	†7 12	....
Laubachs	†6 03	†11 02	†4 48	†7 13	11 52
Coles Creek	†6 12	†11 06	†4 53	†7 22	12 05
Edsons	†6 14	†11 09	†4 56	†7 24	12 10
Benton	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 25
Stillwater	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners	†6 35	†11 29	†5 17	†7 45	12 58
Forks	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 06
Orangeville	6 50	11 42	5 31	8 00	1 35
Light Street	7 00	11 50	5 39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill	7 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 55
Bloom. P & R	...	...	*	8.25	2 10
Bloom. D L & W	7 20	12 10	6 00	8.30	2 25

Trains No. 21 and 22 mixed, second class.
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Ladies! Ask your Druggist for Chi-ches-ter's Diamond Brand Pills in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with Blue Ribbon. Take no other. Buy of your Druggist. Ask for CHI-CHES-TER'S DIAMOND BRAND PILLS, for 25 years known as Best, Safest, Always Reliable
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Cleanses and beautifies the hair. Promotes a luxuriant growth. Never Fails to Restore Gray Hair to its Youthful Color. Cures scalp diseases & hair falling. 50c. and $1.00 at Druggists

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CATARRH

A Reliable Remedy FOR CATARRH

Ely's Cream Balm

is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once.

It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Liquid Cream Balm for use in atomizers 75 cts. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

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OF BLOOMSBURG, PA.
THE OLDEST AND STRONGEST.

Capital $100,000 **Surplus $150,000.**

With the Largest Capital and Surplus in the County, a Strong Directorate, Competent Officers and Every Modern Facility, we solicit Accounts, Large or Small, and Collections on the Most Liberal Terms Consistent with Sound Banking, and Invite YOU to inspect our NEW QUARTERS.

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All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, MAY 6, 1909

Leaders Slate State Ticket.

Senator Crow To Be Republican Candida'e For Auditor-General and Senator Stober for Treasurer.

At a conference of political leaders held in the office of United States Senator Penrose in Philadelphia on Sunday, it is said that State Senator William F. Crow, of Fayette county, was selected for auditor-general and Jeremiah A. Stober of Lancaster county for State Treasurer.

The successor to Justice Mitchell on the Supreme Court Bench, as far as could be learned, was not decided upon.

While no official announcement of the selection of either Crow or Stober was made, it was practically admitted that these two men would be the nominees for the respective offices.

Child Labor Law.

Governor Stuart signed a more important bill recently in the Shern child labor bill. It becomes operative January 1, 1910.

The bill prohibits the employment, except as specially provided in the bill, of any children less than eighteen years of age about any of a long list of business places named in the act; the list includes practically every class of business except mines and includes boats.

No minor under eighteen may be employed at any business generally classed as hazardous. Miners not younger than sixteen may be employed about paint, acid, match and tobacco factories and where the chief factory inspector is satisfied that factory conditions are safe minors may be employed at such places who are as young as fourteen, provided they can read and write English and are physically fit.

Minors as young as fourteen may be generally employed in such businesses not classed as hazardous under rules prescribed by the chief factory inspector.

Ten hours per day and fifty-eight hours per week are the maximum limits of employment for males under sixteen and females under eighteen, but in no case shall such minors work between 9 p. m. and 6 a. m.

Employment certificates must be furnished minors. They are to be issued by school authorities upon blanks for the purpose supplied by the State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

The penalty for violation is from $10 to $25 fine and ten days' imprisonment for the first offence, and $50 and 90 days for the second. All fines are to be remitted to the chief factory inspector and turned into the State treasury.

A Big Salary.

According to figures compiled and published by the Milton Standard, the treasurer of Northumberland county in 1907 received a net salary of $13,813.39, which is nearly one and a half times as much as is paid the governor of the Commonwealth, twice as much as is paid our county judges, twice as much as is paid a congressman and nine times as much as is paid a county commissioner.

No More Special Fish Wardens.

Volunteers Without Pay May Replace Men Legislated Out of Office.

Fish Commissioner Meehan has sent letters to the 300 odd special fish wardens of the State, thanking them for their past services and advising them that under the provisions of the Jones bill, approved on Saturday by Governor Stuart, their commissions as special wardens fall.

Commissioner Meehan has written every fish protective association in the State asking its co-operation under the new law and the designation of one or more members who will act as special wardens without pay.

Heretofore, special wardens have received 50 per cent. of fines collected for their services. All fines must here-after be turned into the State treasury.

Masonic Chief Resigns.

Sovereign Grand Commander Palmer Gives Up Great Office.

Milwaukee, May 1.—Henry L. Palmer, sovereign grand commander of the Supreme Council Ancient and Accepted Scottish Rites of the Northern jurisdiction of the United States, has resigned on account of ill health. This is the highest Masonic office in the United States, and has been held by Mr. Palmer since 1873, a most remarkable record. Until his successor has been elected Lieutenant Commander Lawrence, of Boston, will occupy that high office.

True But it Was Afraid to Show Itself Then.

After waiting for the first burst of indigestion to subside, admirers of the late Senator Mathew Quay of Pennsylvania have renewed action in the Legislature authorizing setting up his statue in the new capitol building. Protests are being renewed, and attention is being called to the record of the man. On the other hand it is being pointed out, ironically, that such a capitol building can be most fittingly furnished by the statue of precisely the sort of man Quay was. It is proposed that the statue monument, if erected bear an inscription, closing thus: "A grateful Commonwealth has erected this monument on the spot where grew that plum tree he loved so well." Quay received the highest political honors the state of Pennsylvania could give him during his life, and held them to his death. Legislative condemnation of the man and his methods would have been more effective and inspiring if it had been sufficiently courageous to have appeared during his life.—*Boston Herald*

Two Preventives Against Moths.

Take one fourth of an ounce each of ground cloves and caraway seed, one ounce of dried common salt, one half pound of lavender flowers free from the stalk and one half ounce each of dried thyme and mint. Mix well together, and put in cambric or silk bags, if placed among clothes, will preserve them from moths and give a pleasant odor.

If you are troubled with moths in the house, try putting blotting paper well saturated with turpentine in the drawers, among the furs and bedclothes, or wherever there is danger of the moths working their depredations; it can even be put along the edges of carpets. Turpentine is the best preventive of moths I have discovered.—*Woman's Home Companion for May.*

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., May 3, 1909

The speech of Senater Bailey on an income tax, one of the ablest which has been delivered on the floor of the Senate for many a day, and took two days to deliver, was highly pleasing to Democrats, who regard it as an unanswerable argument in defence of the right of Congress to levy an income tax. Mr. Bailey quoted from court opinions and other authorities to substantiate his contention respecting the constitutionality of such a tax, and said: "That this is inquisitorial is true, but not more so than any other tax. To compel me to tell the source of my income, as done in the State in which I live, is as inquisitorial as to compel me to tell the amount of my income". As to the plea that such a tax would make us a nation of liars, Mr. Bailey said: "I will not insult the American people by repeating that charge, but I will repel it as an unwarranted reflection upon our people. I do not think a self-respecting American citizen will lie to escape the payment of a tax; and if I shou'd find a man who would commit perjury to escape taxation, I would favor disfranchising him."

***

A scandal in the Census Bureau is more than hinted at, to which the Democrats in Congress are just awakening. Director North is charged with insubordination and it is questioned in administration circles whether he has the capacity to administer the affairs of the census office. The opinion obtains that Mr. North's resignation will be asked for by President Taft within the next few days. Mr. North himself declines to discuss the matter entirely, except to say that he has not intended to resign.

***

At the State department preparations are in progress for a complete readjustment of our trade relations with the nations of the world, to follow the enactment of the new tariff law. In view of the introduction of the maximum-minimum policy into our tariff law, many treaties and arrangements covering trade relations will of necessity be abrogated and new ones must be negotiated, and to accomplish this amicably and without involving the United States in commercial wars with her rivals is a herculean task which will call for all the ability and ingenuity of our eminently able and tactful Secretary of State. The President and the leaders in Congress have every confidence in the successful outcome of these negotiations in the hands of Secretary Knox.

***

Mrs. Taft is now seen on the streets of Washington and its suburbs driving her own electric runabout. Mrs. Taft is as fond of motoring as is the President and desired to run her own car, but the President objected to her driving one of the large gasoline touring cars, with which the former stables of the White House are equipped, and a compromise was reached in the electric runabout.

***

The postmasters throughout the country have received notice from the Third Assistant Postmaster General that the new issue postage stamps which the Postoffice Department is preparing for the Seattle exposition will be put on sale about June 1. The citizens of Seattle made no inconsiderable comment on the original design of the stamp, in consequence of which the picture of the polar bear clinging to an iceburg has been changed and in its stead appears the portrait of William H. Seward, who, as Secretary of State, conducted the negotiations for the purchase of Alaska from Russia.

***

Col. R. M. Johnson, veteran publisher of the Houston Post and prominent as a Democratic politician in Texas, was in Washington this week and in discussing the prohibition wave which is sweeping the country, declared that the division of Texas into two States is a probable outcome of the agitation of the liquor question, now in progress in the State. Col. Johnson declared the southern portion of the State is to be strongly "anti", while the northern portion is strongly "pro", and that while he did not believe the division would come in the immediate future, it would be the final outcome.

"Mothers' Day" To Be Widely Observed.

"Mothers' Day," the second Sunday in May, will be observed more widely than ever this year. Miss Anna Jarvis, of Philadelphia, originated its observance three years ago. She thought it would be a beautiful tribute to all mothers, the dead as well as the living, if their children would unite, on one day in the year, in wearing a simple white flower in evidence of filial honor and love. Miss Jarvis chose the white carnation as the flower, its color typifying purity; its form beauty; its fragrance, love; its wide field of growth, charity; its lasting qualities, faithfulness—all virtues of a true motherhood.

In several American cities the Mayors in past years have issued special proclamations recommending the general celebration of the day, which has also been marked by the singing of mothers' hymns in the home and by special services and distribution of white flowers in the Sunday Schools and the churches.

Gov. Vessey, of South Dakota, has officially ordered the observance of the day in that State this year. In his proclamation he says in part:

"Recognizing the importance of the home as the fountain-head of society, and realizing that no statesmanship or legislation can save us if our homes become abodes of ignorance and degradation, I, R. S. Vessey, Governor of the State of South Dakota, hereby set apart and designate the second Sabbath in our national memorial month of May as Mothers' Day, in grateful and loving remembrance of the one who, in our infancy watched over us with tenderest care, in our youth gently guided us to higher ideals, the counsellor of our maturer years.

"The fitness of the observance of this day appeals to all social, fraternal, civil, military and religious organizations alike; to him who has missed life's crowning joy, the tender ministrations of a mother's love, no less than to the one who has derived the elements of a noble character from the maternal care bestowed in childhood. Probably never before was a movement inaugurated which in such a short time attained national recognition."

INSTRUCTION IN MUSIC.

Chas. P. Elwell announces that he will be pleased to receive all former pupils on violin and pianoforte, as well as new ones. Latest and best methods.

Terms strictly cash by the lesson or month. Address Hotel Hidlay, Bloomsburg, or call up on Bell 'phone any afternoon between 1 and 2. tf

Strangely Affected Trout.

Last Friday Clark Mills caught three trout in Foundry run, which empties into Catawissa creek at the paper mill says the *News Item*. The fish were from 7 to 9 inches in length, strong and vigorous. When he cleaned them he noticed that the bladders were of abnormal size, almost completely filling the inside of the fish. Upon attempting to burst them they resisted pressure and an examination showed them filled with lively little white worms about three-fourths of an inch in length and the thickness of a hair. He placed a lot of them in a bottle of water and will preserve them for development.

This is a strange freak, one which Editor Randall has not met before in over 40 years of trout fishing. The matter has been referred to the State Fishery Commission for solution.

The erection of a silk mill at Lewistown is now a certainty. The check in payment for the site has been received by Mr. Fleming from the Susquehanna Silk Mill company, and ground will be broken for the new buildings at once. They will be 300 feet long by 200 feet wide.

Does Not Stimulate

Ayer's Sarsaparilla does not stimulate. It does not make you feel better one day, then as bad as ever the next. It is not a strong drink. No reaction after you stop using it. There is not a drop of alcohol in it. You have the steady, even gain that comes from a strong tonic and alterative. We wish you would ask your doctor about this. He knows. Trust him. Do as he says. *J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.*

What are Ayer's Pills? Liver Pills. How long have they been sold? Nearly sixty years. Do doctors recommend them? Ask your own doctor and find out.

New Spring Suits!

Spring Suits have arrived! There's magic in that simple announcement — for where's the woman who is not all eyes to see the new garment fashions?

The New Spring Suits Are Low Priced.

A most remarkable feature about these handsome new models is their extremely low prices. Your spring outfit will give you a better service—a much finer appearance and yet cost you a small price. Catering to every taste we've gathered an assortment of choicest correct styles. Prices $10 to $35.

Spring Suits Regularly $20.00 **$17.50**

Suits of hard twisted serge and striped worsted in black, blue, green, tan and gray. 36 inch hipless coats; slashed back, patch pockets, self button trimming, full satin lined; satin collar and cuffs; Skirt is Demi-Princess with self covered buttons down the front. All sizes up to 42.

SUIT at $12.75—Of shadow stripe chiffon panama in navy blue, elect blue, green, tan, ashes of roses and gray. Coat 40 inches long, semi-fitting hipless cutaway front forming points on the sides, new small sleeves, lined throughout with satin; gored flare skirt with trimming of straps and self covered buttons.

SUIT at $26.50—A 4 button cutaway coat 40 inches long of striped worsted. slashed back and sides, inlaid bengaline silk collar; large flap pockets, trimmed with buttons, lined with taffeta silk; plain 11 gore demi-Princess skirt.

At $6.00 to $14.00 Junior Suits for the little Misses in sizes 11, 13, 15 and 17 years. Made of shadow stripe panama and fine serge in navy blue, gray and green, semi-fitting hipless coats, gored and pleated skirt.

SUIT at $27.00—A strictly tailored suit of French Serge; 4 button cutaway; single breasted (just a slight cutaway effect;) lined with taffeta silk; new small sleeves; Demi Princess Skirt with inverted plait at sides.

SUITS at $20.00—Of chiffon panama in blue, green and black; graceful semi-fitting hipless coat 36 inches long, single breasted, new small sleeves and trimmed with satin piping; gored flounce skirt.

F. P. PURSEL.
BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

JUST A REMINDER!

Here is a list of some of the printed goods and blank stock that can be obtained at the

Columbian Printing House

Perhaps it may remind you of something you need.

ENVELOPES *All sizes, Commercial, Professional, Insurance, Baronial, Pay, Coin,*

HEADINGS *Letter Heads, Note Heads, Bill Heads, Statements, in many grades and sizes.*

CARDS *Business, Visiting, Announcement, Admission, Ball Tickets, Etc.*

CARD SIGNS *No Admittance, For Rent, For Sale, Post No Bills, Trespass Notices, &c.*

IN BOOKS *Administrator's, Executor's, Treasurer's Receipt Books. Plain Receipts, with or without stub, Note Books, Scales Books, Order Books, Etc.*

HAND BILLS *Printed in any size from a small street dodger, up to a full Sheet Poster.*

BOOKS AND PAMPHLETS *WILL BE PLEASED TO SHOW SAMPLES OF THESE AND ALL OF OUR WORK.*

MISCELLANEOUS:

Our Stock Includes:

Cut Cards, all sizes,	Shipping Tags
Round Corner Cards,	Manila Tag Board,
Card Board in Sheets, white and colors,	Bond Papers,
Name Cards for all Secret Societies,	Ledger Papers,
Window Cards.	Cover Papers,
	Book Papers.

Folders for Programs, Menus, Dances, Societies and all special events.

Lithographed Bonds and Stock Certificates Supplied.

Wedding Invitations and Announcements, Printed or Engraved.

Visitors are Always Welcome. No Obligation to Purchase.

We Do All Kinds of Printing

Columbian Printing House,
BLOOMSBURG, PA.

PE-RU-NA AS A TONIC AND BLOOD PURIFIER.

Mrs. Paul Casavant Writes From 219 Monroe Street, Topeka, Kansas, Concerning Peruna. Read Her Letter Below:

Mrs. Paul Casavant, 219 Monroe street, Topeka, Kansas, writes:

"I have found Peruna very effective in restoring my health and strength after I had been worn out and run down for a long time. I began to use it about six months ago when I was unable to leave my bed. My nervous system was shattered and I was daily losing flesh and strength. This condition was completely altered after a few bottles of Peruna had been used and I kept on using it until I was finally restored to perfect health and had gained about fifteen pounds.

"I feel so grateful for what your medicine has done for me that I am pleased to give it my hearty endorsement and shall always be glad to speak a good word for it."

In Spring and Early Summer a Tonic is Needed.

The source of good blood is fresh air and well-digested food. If anything interferes with digestion the blood becomes impure.

A catarrhal condition of the stomach prevents perfect digestion. Such a condition allows the food to ferment and decompose in various ways, instead of digesting. The blood is thus contaminated with various materials that do not belong in the blood.

This gives rise to spring fever, eruptions on the skin, general lassitude and constipation.

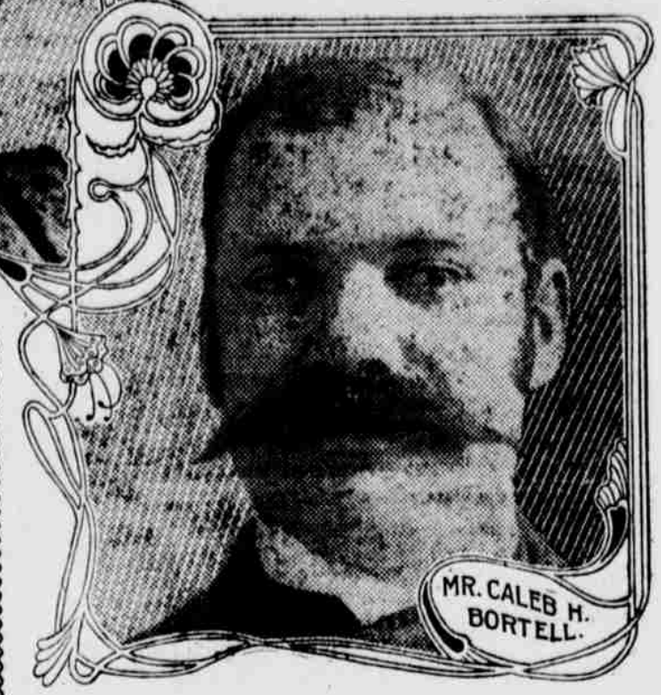
Peruna corrects all these difficulties by striking at the source of them. By eradicating the catarrhal condition of the stomach Peruna at once restores digestion, the blood is thereby purified, and the whole machinery of the body is put in working order.

Peruna has probably made a more remarkable record in cases of catarrh of the stomach than any other medicine. These cases are very frequent, and we have a host of testimonials in which Peruna has received lavish praise for prompt and permanent relief in cases of catarrh of the stomach

Mrs. Emily Kellogg, 5649 S. Lawrence St., South Tacoma, Wash., Gives Her Experience With Peruna. Read Her Letter Below.

Mrs. Emily Kellogg, 5649 S. Lawrence St., S. Tacoma, Wash., member of Ladies of the Maccabees, writes:

"Three months ago I had an attack of biliousness which threatened to undermine my health and strength. Luckily for me, I tried Peruna at the suggestion of my friends before it was too late. I found in a few days' time that I did not have the usual sick headache, neither did food nauseate me any longer. In two weeks' time Peruna had completely rid my system of the poison and bile, and I was in a much better condition. My skin assumed its normal color, I had a splendid appetite and I was in every way improved in health. I used Peruna for a month longer and it wrought a wondrous change in my entire system."



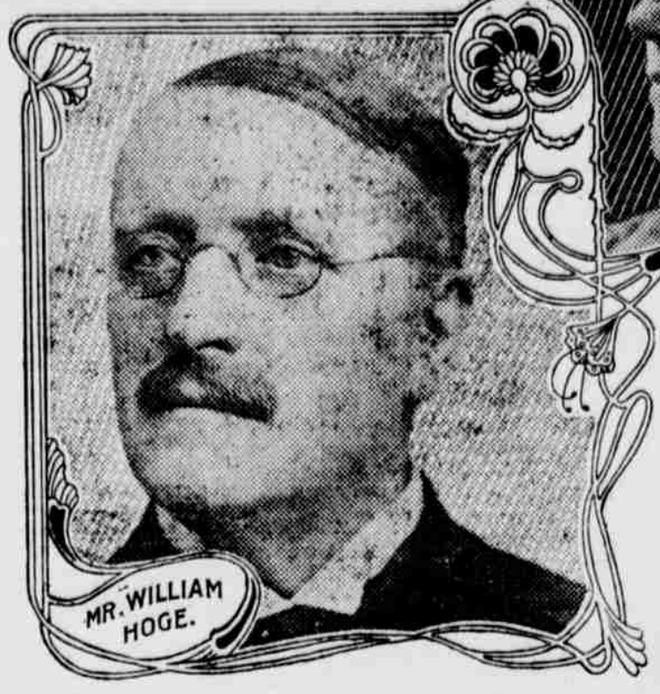
Mr. Caleb H. Bortell, Police Officer, 212 North Paca street, Baltimore, Md., writes:

"For several years I was troubled with catarrh of the head, throat and stomach. Many times I would vomit before and after eating.

"I took seven bottles of your Peruna, and I am glad to say that it has cured me.

"I feel more like living and working, and am not bothered at all with my old troubles.

"I take great pleasure in recommending Peruna to all sufferers with catarrh, and I thank you for what you have done for me, for none but those who have suffered as I have can appreciate a great cure as I have found Peruna to be."



Mr. William Hoge, President Commercial Travelers Association, 280 Broadway, New York, N. Y., writes:

"I endorse Peruna as the most effectual remedy for catarrh I have been able to find in my travels in this country or Europe. I can truly say that I have spent thousands of dollars in this country alone trying to find a cure, and it was not until I was induced to give Peruna a trial that I obtained anything like permanent relief. As a tonic it is simply great. It ought to be in the grip of every commercial traveler on the road. It cured my wife as well as myself. We have not had the slightest symptom of catarrh for a long time."

In a later letter Mr. Hoge says:—"I have used Peruna for many years, never without a bottle in my grip. I am the youngest feeling and youngest looking man of my age in New York, which I think is entirely due to Peruna."

Tones up the System.

Mrs. William McRoberts, Waverly, Minn., writes:

"I am perfectly well of the catarrh. I took Peruna and Manalin. I recommend your medicine to every one and cannot praise it enough. It is a fine medicine to take any season of the year. Taken in the spring it tones up the system and acts as a gentle stimulant."

A Good Tonic.

Mr. Joe Leonard, Flat 3, 232 Allen St., Buffalo, N. Y., writes:

"I have good reason to endorse Peruna as I have found it a good tonic, stimulating the system and sustaining it under great pressure, imparting unusual endurance and enabling me to work much longer and harder than the system could possibly do were it not for the great powers with which it endowed me. It gives one nerves of iron."

Splendid for La Grippe.

Mr. Frank H. Fielder, 218 Pleasant Ave., Montgomery, Ala., formerly principal of Haynesville High School, writes:

"I can truthfully say that Peruna is a splendid remedy for la grippe, and a good tonic for building up the system."

Pain in Chest.

Mrs. A. W. Gustin, 5209 Lake Ave., St. Joseph, Mo., writes: "When I began taking Peruna I had quite a severe pain and ache in the left of my chest. I suffered a great deal with it.

"I wrote to Dr. Hartman and asked him what I should do. He advised my taking Peruna, which I did. I took three bottles, and I can say I am cured.

"Thanks for kind advice and Peruna."

Hay Fever and Catarrh.

Miss Mayme E. Smith, 444 East Mound St., Columbus, Ohio, writes:

"Have used Peruna for catarrh and hay fever. The results being remarkable, I can highly recommend it to all who are suffering with the above diseases. I am happy to be able to say it has helped me wonderfully."

Eyes Red and Watery.

Mr. William S. Hearn, 1063 Segal St., Camden, N. J., writes:

"For about two years I was troubled with my eyes being red and watery, and my general health was very poor.

"Finally a friend advised me to try Peruna. I had tried almost everything else, so I purchased a bottle of Peruna and commenced to take it at once, and before I had finished the first bottle I found I was improving.

"I wrote you for special advice concerning my eyes, which I received. I continued to take the Peruna until I had used six bottles.

"Now my eyes are absolutely well, and I feel like a new man in every way.

"I honestly advise any one similarly afflicted to try Peruna."

Peruna Tablets.

Some people prefer to take tablets, rather than to take medicine in a fluid form. Such people can obtain Peruna tablets, which represent the medicinal ingredients of Peruna. Each tablet is equivalent to one average dose of Peruna.

THE CEMETERY.

In order that all citizens may be informed that the action of the Board is only to preserve order and protect property, we beg to say:

There seems to be a good deal of difficulty in getting the public to understand the law and the rights of the Rosemont Cemetery Company and of the lot owners therein.

The real estate, the ground, belongs to the Cemetery Company, which holds a deed or deeds for the same, and the Cemetery Company sells it out in lots to persons who buy, for the purpose of owning and having a place to bury their dead, and delivers a deed to the purchaser.

The purchaser has a right to bury his dead on his lot, and to erect a tombstone, or other proper marker for the said lot and grave.

The *public* has no *right* whatever to go in and wander over the grounds and graves; the unsold ground is not its property any more than the lots sold and for which the purchasers have paid and upon which their fathers and mothers and children have been buried.

The writer has seen boys ten or twelve or fifteen years old, go up to a head stone, put his hands upon the top and leap and straddle over it, alighting upon the grave with both feet, and going from that to another and repeating.

To the general public, the entry and visiting the cemetery is a mere *privilege* and *not a right*, and both the *lot owners* and the *public* are bound to observe the rules and regulations of the Cemetery Company which represents the owners, and with which the public has no concern.

Now observe, the managers of the Cemetery Company are always pleased to have visitors enter the grounds at proper hours and times and wander about and take note of the work and care put upon them. But neither they nor others would be allowed to break off a flower from a stalk of roses or other flowers, or a branch off of a tree upon or ornamenting a lot. That is a sort of vandalism that neither the management or the lot owners would tolerate. It is such misbehaviour that makes rules and regulations necessary, and they are for protection of the grounds and the graves and monuments.

THE PRESIDENT

A Certain Cure for Aching Feet.

Shake into your shoes Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It cures Tired, Aching, Callous, Sweating, Swollen feet. At all Druggists and Shoe Stores, 25c. Sample Free. Address Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. 4-15-4t

Will Teach Penmanship.

A. B. Black, former County Commissioners' Clerk and a graduate of Michael's Art School and of the Zahnerian Penmanship college at Columbus, Ohio, has been secured as instructor in penmanship for the ensuing term of the Benton Summer School which opens Monday the 10th. Mr. Black is an expert penman and will no doubt make an excellent instructor in that department of the work.

COURT NOTES.

Thos. Ravage got a year in the county jail for stealing a watch. This is the man who was captured by "Condy" Langdon in Connecticut. The defendant plead guilty.

Judge Evans filed opinions in the following cases on Monday: Charles A. McBride vs Frank McBride, in equity; Commonwealth vs. P. T. Groh; Overseers of the Poor of Mifflin township vs. Schuylkill County Poor District House of Employment.

The Grand Jury made the following report on Monday:

We, the Grand Jury of the Quarter Sessions, have examined all public buildings and find them in very good condition except the railing to the entrance of said jail, also the entrance to the cellar kitchen to the jail, which we recommend a cement bottom and railing around same; also recommend a drain to carry water from the same; also recommend the ice house on said grounds to be moved to the rear of said ground. We the Grand Jury are greatly pleased to find the jail in such grand sanitary condition on the interior. Signed

J. B. McHENRY, Foreman.

The court complimented the Jury upon the prompt manner in which their duties had been discharged.

John McCarthy got three years in the penitentiary for burglary at Berwick. He was also convicted of jail breaking, but sentence was suspended on that charge.

Webster Eves was appointed a director of Bloom Poor District to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chandlee Eves.

Mrs. James Boyd of Harrisburg, died in Weymouth, North Carolina, last Tuesday, from a stroke of apoplexy. Her husband is a brother of the late Mrs. William Neal.

W. S. Rishton and Reber Mears served as jurors in the United States Court at Harrisburg this week, returning home on Wednesday.

The jewelry store of Mrs. Martin has been moved from the Ent building to the room formerly occupied by it, below Market Square.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of The Kind You Have Always Bought

Chas. H. Fletcher

Tourist Dies at Sea.

Sister of Trenton Minister Succumbs to Heart Disease.

While the Rev. Dr. Isaac M. Patterson, pastor emeritus of the Walnut Avenue Presbyterian Church at Trenton, N. J. was awaiting last Saturday a reunion with his only sister, Miss Mary Patterson, of Birkenhead, England, he received a message telling him that she had died aboard ship Thursday.

Miss Patterson sailed for the United States Tuesday on the steamship Caronia. She was to have spent the summer with her brother here, but was seized with heart trouble Thursday, and died a few hours later. Because of the death of Miss Patterson the wedding of Miss Eleanor Patterson, daughter of Doctor Patterson, which is to take place in the near future, will be a very quiet one.

Dr. Patterson was the pastor of the Presbyterian Church of Bloomsburg for a number of years, being the predecessor of Dr. Hemingway.

Engagement Announced.

Dr. and Mrs. A. B. Jameson of Washington, D. C., announce the engagement of their daughter, May, to Prof. William Evans Bryant, of England, now the head of the English department in the College of Languages, at Tientsin, China.

Miss Jameson has just returned from Peking, where she has been residing for the last year with her brother, Mr. J. Paul Jameson, at the American legation. The marriage will take place in the early autumn, and the future home of the couple will be in Tientsin, North China.

Miss Jameson is a cousin of Mrs. Harry Keller, and is well-known here. Her parents are natives of this county. Dr. Jameson is first auditor in the government Treasury Department. Mrs. Jameson is a daughter of the late Joseph W. Hendershott, deceased.

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Body Found At Selinsgrove.

Entangled in the bushes along the shore of the Susquehanna river the body of a foreigner was discovered at Selinsgrove Tuesday morning. The discovery was made by Peter Muselman, of Selinsgrove, as he was poling a flat over the river. He saw in the bush a floating object which he thought was a log. The river is high and the bushes ordinarily on shore were well under water, so that only their branches protruded.

Mr. Musselman procured assistance and took the body to shore. A coroner's jury was empanelled to determine the cause of death.

The man was a middle aged and heavy set foreigner. He was without a coat, but in his pockets was a gold watch and a ten cent piece. A button on his clothes showed that the suit was made in Lewisburg. He had a gold ring on his finger.

There is little doubt but that the man is John Bulock, a Pole who leaped into the swollen waters of the West Branch at Milton, April 16. He acted with deliberation, taking off his coat and hat before making the fatal plunge. The river was dragged for his body but it had evidently floated down stream as it could not be found.

The man originally came from Danville where his brother lives. He had saved up a large sum of money from his earnings, which was stolen from his shack at Milton. He became melancholy and while partially under the influence of liquor leaped into the river.

Eighteen Foot Flood on River.

The fall of snow last week and the heavy rains following caused high water. The river Sunday was over 18 feet high. It began to rise Friday night and during Saturday and Saturday night it continued to rise at the rate of six inches an hour.

During Sunday the river was higher than at any time during two years past. The river, sweeping along nearly bank full, presented a majestic sight. Very little drift wood or other objects came down with the current.

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A Priceless Stolen Hour

The Fairy Queen sat at her little toadstool dinner table, for it was dinner time. But the Fairy Queen could eat nothing, although a charming collation was spread before her—primrose soup, roast acorn with roseleaf salad, violet pudding iced with honey, and an acorn cupful of freshest morning dew. She glanced at everything and sighed. She even frowned. For the Fairy Queen was a methodical person, and to waste both the dinner and the dinner hour vexed her exceedingly.

The truth was that the Queen had lost something very precious that morning—something so precious that one just exactly like it could never be obtained again for ever and ever. When she had lost her temper, then her appetite, and so finally her dinner.

"That makes four losses this morning!" she said angrily.

The fays hid their faces in their cobweb pinafores, and the elves, mischievous young sprites as they usually were, now sat almost quite still, only their thumbs twiddled.

Everybody was, in fact, feeling very uncomfortable, for all saw that the Queen was in a mighty temper. With a wave of her wand she caused the toadstool table and the dinner to vanish. Then a bell tinkled. It was the summons for all the members of the household to betake themselves to the Queen's presence.

Presently the audience chamber was crowded with fays and elves and pixies and gnomes and brownies all looking pale and startled by the extraordinary summons.

With another wave of her wand the Queen brought a little golden key tinkling down on to the throne upon which she sat. She held the key up high so that all could see it.

"This is the key to my Time Cupboard," she said, "which key no one can use except myself, and which I keep wrapped up in a scrap of blue cloud where none can find it. And yet, this morning, when I went to my Time Cupboard, I found that an hour had been stolen—a whole beautiful golden Hour, with its sixty golden minutes and their sixty golden seconds all complete! It was a priceless flour stolen from a glorious summer day. Now each of you must come before me and declare on your fairy honor that you did not steal that hour."

As she spoke the last words a little brown gnome, now cream color with fear, slipped out of the audience chamber. No one noticed him, for all were too intent upon the business before them. One by one they advanced and declared upon their fairy honor that they had not stolen the golden hour.

When the last one had made his declaration, the Queen waved her hand and dismissed them all from her presence.

Then she summoned the Prime Minister, and told him the story of the lost Hour. He was a giant, with the face and stature of a grandfather's clock, and his voice was as its chimes.

"There is only one way of finding out who is the culprit," said the Prime Minister. "We must examine all the hours you have given out and see which one has been returned blank, and to whom it belongs. For a silver hour and the golden one could not both be used at once."

"Oh, I never thought of that," said the Queen; "we will go through the hour cellars this very afternoon."

To understand the above remarks perfectly you must know that every midnight the Queen served out to each of her household twenty-four silver Hours for their use during the following day. In return she received twenty-four silver Hours which had been used in the day just passed, and upon each Hour was inscribed the work done during the sixty minutes. When all these used Hours were stored away carefully for reference in the hour cellars. Sometimes, when it was a fete day, such as the Queen's anniversary and similar occasions, half a dozen beautiful golden Hours would be served out to the delighted fairies, for a golden Hour was a holiday Hour. It was one of these that had been stolen!

Now there was among the Queen's retinue a young foundling. One day when the Queen was hunting in the forest just beyond the borders of Fairy-Land, she had come across a small boy asleep, with his arm under his curly head. The Fairy Queen took a fancy to him. She learned that he was playing truant from school because he did not like lessons, and because he had made up his mind to go to Fairy-Land, where everyone could do just what he liked.

"So that is your idea of Fairy-Land, is it?" the Queen had said. "Well, you shall go with me to Fairy-Land, and then you will see for yourself."

So Curlypate—thus the Queen christened him—was taken to the Fairy Palace, and because the Queen liked his curly head and pretty manners, he was made her Cup-bearer. But as time passed, he had gradually fallen from favor on account of his idleness. One day he actually let the cup fall, spilling all the morning dew, and the Queen had had to go without her refreshing beverage, for, of course, no more could be obtained until the next morning. After that disgraceful act of carelessness, Curlypate lost his curls and his beautiful pink-and-white complexion, and had to take his place among the little brown gnomes who acted as scullions in the royal kitchen. There he found he had to work harder than ever, and every day he became more discontented with his lot.

Every night the sight of the twenty-four silver Hours grew more hateful, until at last he made up his mind that one golden Hour should be his at any rate. So one night as the little blue cloud containing the golden key of the Time Cupboard was floating back toward the sky, he caught it in a net hanging from a kite which he had made for the purpose. And when all the fairies were asleep he had stolen to the Time Cupboard and taken out the golden Hour, believing that not even the Fairy-Queen herself could discover the thief. He had forgotten the silver Hour which he had had to return to the Queen, and its magic powers, which prevented an untruth from remaining inscribed upon it.

All the afternoon and evening were spent by the queen and prime minister in the Hour cellar, the queen waving her wand as each pile of silver Hours was approached.

At last they stood before the pile which bore the signature of Curlypate, and as soon as the queen waved her wand the pile swayed forward and fell in a scattered heap to the ground. Another wave of the wand and one of the silver Hours leaped out from the heap and fell at the queen's feet. The prime minister picked it up and examined it. It was blank, except for the date and time and signature. The culprit was found, but where was the golden Hour.

Immediately Curlypate was summoned to the presence of the queen and the prime minister. Curlypate stood before them weeping bitterly.

"Forgive me, oh, forgive me!" he cried, "and I will give you back your golden Hour. I took it because I was so tired of the silver ones, with their work, work, work."

"If you can bring me back my lost golden Hour, I will forgive you," said the queen, solemnly.

Then Curlypate ran away toward the palace garden, smiling through his tears. It would be so easy to give back the golden Hour.

He knew where he had lain with the precious thing in his hands. But when he reached the spot, though he searched the long grass through, and peered underneath the rose trees, he could find nothing. The golden Hour had vanished!

Sadly he returned to the qeeen.

"Alas, I knew it," said the queen, "for a golden Hour once spent can never be recovered for ever and ever. They drop the golden dust as the minutes pass and the seconds fly, and nothing except a memory remains. Only the silver hours of work remain visible through the work inwrought upon them. Alas, my precious golden Hour can never, never, be regained!

For awhile she sat with bowed head. Then she passed sentence upon the culprit.

"Because you have stolen a golden Hour and turned it to the base use of bitter idleness, you are banished from fairyland. To your own land you return, and for a year and a day you shall be a sloth, crawling painfully upon the trees. Then you shall return to your former state, but if ever you play truant from school again you shall come back to fairyland, but to its prison instead of to its palace. Neither in fairy land nor elsewhere is there room for idlers."

So Curlypate became a sloth for a year and a day. And then he became a boy again, and went back to school. And, strange to say, nobody seemed to have missed him except his mother.

Breaks.

To write a social letter to a man and ask him to reply. Boors are not in society.

To ride one's hobby-horse around the dining table, to the confusion of one's hostess.

To toast "youth" where women of uncertain age predominate.

To ignore one's humble friends for one's smart acquaintances. Fortune plays madcap pranks.

To boast of our own. Human nature repeats itself and family prejudice is never convincing.

To be inquisitive. No one cares for a human interrogation point, and he who asks all shall know nothing.

To be too anxious to shine, glitter and glare, conversationally, is not the highest proof of clever polish.

To seek favor. Merit is self-evident. Mediocrity seldom achieves, socially or otherwise.

To pretend. Age has given the world wisdom and a keen eye for shams.

To gush. The being who faces about on all necks has strangling possibilities.

To protest too much. The obvious refutes doubt, and goodness needs no placard.

Queer Chinese Customs.

They drink wine hot.
Old men fly kites.
White is worn as mourning.
Their babies seldom cry.
Soldiers wear petticoats.
Their compass points to the south.
The family name commences first.
Carriages are moved by sails.
Seat of honor at the left.
Visiting cards four feet long.
School children sit with backs to the teacher.
Fireworks are always set off in daytime.
If you offend a Chinaman he may kill himself on your doorstep to spite you.

They Live.

The good things that some men did are still walking around on two feet.

NEVER HEARD OF ROOSEVELT

Startling Ignorance Displayed by Albert Courtney, Who Comes in from American Deserts.

Los Angeles, Cal.—Albert Courtney, a mining prospector and British subject, heard a few days ago for the first time that Queen Victoria had died. He refused to believe the report and is looking for an English paper to confirm the news.

The name of Theodore Roosevelt was a strange one to him. Vague rumors came to him along in 1898 and 1899 that Spain and the United States were at war. Not an echo of the Boer war reached him.

Naturally ping pong, diabolo, the plays of George Bernard Shaw, the defeat of "Bill" Squires, the suffragist

movement, the recall election and all the other great facts and occurrences of recent years were matters of which he was ignorant.

This hiatus in the life of Courtney arises from the fact that in the last fifteen years he has been lost to the world on the desert of Nevada and Arizona. He was a recluse and did not see a book or newspaper during the entire period.

"And 'ow is the Queen?" was one of his first questions.

"Roosevelt? Roosevelt?" he said to a query. "Never 'eard the name before. And who is 'e?"

Courtney is seventy years of age and is well preserved physically and mentally.

INDIAN RUNS DOWN WOLVES.

On Overtaking His Tired Quarry Uses Club to Kill Him.

Superior, Wis.—At Solon Springs, near here, lives Charley Taylor, a half-breed Indian, who might be a good man to enter in some of the big Marathon races.

Taylor is in the wolf hunting business for the bounty there is in it and catches the wolves by running them down. He hit the hot trail of one of the timber beasts recently, and overtook the exhausted animal three days later. He killed it with a stout club which he carries when "hunting."

Taylor says that there is nothing remarkable about hunting wolves in this manner. With snow shoes a man can run down a wolf, whose pace is slower in snow, in from one and a half to two days, but Taylor was without snowshoes. All one needs is endurance, patience and the ability to follow the trail of the wolf after dark. The Indians usually hunt in pairs.

SWALLOWED HIS SAVINGS.

Gold Coin Found in Grave When Body Was Moved.

Paris, France.—"Gold from the grave" might be the caption over a curious incident that has happened at Thaon, near Epinal. Twelve years ago a workman died there, and his relatives could find none of his savings, although he was known to have accumulated a small sum in gold.

Recently his body was moved by the parish authorities to another grave, his son being present at the transference. When the remains were exposed he was astonished to see a little pile of gold coins lying among the bones. They were the dead man's savings, amounting to $185, which he had swallowed to prevent his family, with whom he was on bad terms, getting hold of them.

Unravels Mystery of "Ghost" Smokers

Bangor, Me.—The mystery of the tobacco-consuming ghost at Benton has been unravelled. Old Silas Toothacher every night smokes his pipe in the kitchen and then carefully places it in a tin box nailed to the chimney behind the stove. Although he often left the pipe half full of tobacco there never was anything but ashes in it the next morning.

Toothacher decided to stay awake and watch for the "ghost." He put the pipe in the box as usual. Through a hole in the chimney a strong current of air blew; the pipe's mouthpiece was within half an inch of this hole; the draught was strong enough to keep the tobacco burning until entirely consumed.

Watersprouts One-Fourth Mile High.

San Diego, Cal.—Following a severe hail and rain storm here two gigantic watersprouts were sighted off Point Loma, traveling northward at a rapid rate. Wireless operators state that the spouts were three miles off shore and one-fourth of a mile high.

AWAITED DEATH IN A GRAVE.

Japanese Youth's Attempt to Bury Himself and Die Afterward.

A youth of Kobe, Japan, who sought to commit suicide by burying himself alive and paid an accomplice 25 cents to spade the earth upon his coffin achieved some degree of notoriety even in Japan, where new things are happening every day. He failed of his original purpose, however.

A policeman was strolling along the bank of the Minatogawa River outside of Kobe one day last month when he happened to spy a joint of bamboo pipe sticking a few inches above a mound of fresh earth. Being a Japanese and also a policeman, his curiosity was especially keen. He looked down the bamboo pipe, but could see nothing.

Then he began to dig around the pipe. He had a considerable wrench put on his nerves when a voice came out of the end of the pipe right at his ear:

"Honorably condescend to go away and permit me to die peacefully."

But the policeman did not go. He dug some more and finally unearthed a pine box, the length of a man's body and about three feet wide. The bamboo pipe led through an opening into the box. The policeman pried off the cover of the box, securely nailed down, and dumped the self-appointed corpse out.

Yamada Katsutaro, the man who would thus have died, told the prefect of police that he had wanted to die in a seemly fashion because he was out of work. The lack of food had suggested to him the practicability of starving himself to death, but in order to be sure that he should accomplish this purpose he had determined to bury himself in a securely nailed coffin and await the ravages of hunger. He didn't want to suffocate first, hence the bamboo pipe.

The day before the policeman discovered him, Yamada said, he procured the box and the services of a coolie. Then he dug the hole out on Egeyama and after giving the coolie his obi and fifty sen, his last bit of money, he was nailed up in his coffin, lowered into the grave and covered under six feet of soil.

Yamada promised never to try burying himself alive again and the police let him go.

The Indian and the Telephone.

The Indians are great on using the telephone. They have but little or no use for the local boards, their calls being over the long distance. They do not put in a call for the individual. They do not ask for White Eagle at Canton or Flying Cloud at Darlington. The call is for "Any Cheyenne." The same is true as to the Araphahoes; any member of the tribe serves.

An Indian puts in a call for any member of his tribe at Canton, Darlington, Colony, Lawton or any point. It is "up to " the manager to go out on the street and pick up an Indian. Any one will do, so he is of the tribe asked for. He is put up to the 'phone and the talk proceeds. The talk being in Indian, no one knows what it is about.

If an Indian, say in Clinton, wants to reach one of his people, say forty miles from Canton, or any other given point, he calls for one of his tribesmen, tells him the message he desires delivered, and it is his business to deliver it, even though it requires a night trip and a storm.

A little Indian baby died near Clinton last year and its mother desired that her relatives attend the funeral services. They lived out on the prairie northwest from Canton. The telephone was used and a member of the tribe directed to deliver the message to the mother's relatives. It was delivered by a courier across the prairie and canons, and the relatives came in over the Orient next day.

Last summer a call came to Clinton for a Kiowa that was a poser for the manager. However, he found upon inquiry among the Cheyennes that there was one who had lived among the Kiowas and spoke the dialect. He was put up to the 'phone and received the talk.

She Had a Vocabulary, too.

At a London dinner recently the conversation turned to the various methods of working employed by literary geniuses. Among the examples cited was that of a well-known poet, who, it was said, was wont to arouse his wife about four o'clock in the morning and exclaim, "Maria get up; I've thought of a good word!" Whereupon the poet's obedient helpmate would crawl out of bed and make a note of the thought-of-word.

About an hour later, like as not, a new inspiration would seize the bard, whereupon he would again arouse his wife, saying, "Maria, Maria, get up! I've thought of a better word!"

The company in general listened to the story with admiration, but a merry-eyed American girl remarked: "Well, if he'd been my husband I should have replied, 'Alpheus, get up yourself; I've thought of a bad word!'"

Not All Loss.

Quotations cleverly malapropos or neatly distorted furnish half the wit of the professional humorist. Nevertheless, when such a verbal misstep is spontaneous, there is often real fun in it.

A young man had been out sailing with his sister and a friend of hers. He did not know particularly well the fine points of the art, and on trying to make the landing against a head wind, he exclaimed, after several vain attempts:

"Well, it is better to have luffed and lost than never to have luffed at all!"

ODORS MOVE SLOWLY.

Incredible Time Required to Travel Short Distances.

It has been ascertained as the result of experiments conducted by Prof. Zoleny of the University of Minnesota that the diffusion of odors through the atmosphere is much slower than is commonly supposed. The professor has investigated this phenomenon experimentlly, and he finds that it takes the odor of ammonia at least an hour and a half to make its way to the opposite end of a glass tube about five feet long. With the idea of throwing some light on the character of odors—that, whether or not they actually consist of tangible physical particles of sub-atomic size, the experiment was tried of allowing the odors to ascend and descend glass tubes and noting the time of their diffusion.

One curious phenomenon noticed in this connection is that the odor of camphor ascended twice as fast as it descended, while ammonia diffused equally in either direction. It is through the penetrating hydrogen sulphite odor carried by slowly ascending currents of air that the vulture class of birds that feed on carrion are able to locate their food. These birds are often seen sailing around and around all day long, until finally, sometimes after the lapse of two or three days, they have been able to trace the smell of their food from great altitudes downward to its location on the ground.

As Prof. Moore declares, the distance from which they come, often 100 miles and sometimes from an altitude of 10,000 feet, "gives some idea of the gentle slope of these so-called ascending currents, which are twisted and contorted into every imaginable shape by the wind.

A Death Mask of Cromwell.

Cromwell's death mask, which so appropriately rounds out the Cromwell part of the Harvard Carlyle collection, hung for many years in the

Cromwell's Death Mask.

English writer's home in Chelsea and was given by him to his friend and correspondent Prof. Charles Eliot Norton of Cambridge. The cast had been presented to Carlyle by the sculptor Thomas Woolner, the present possessor of the original death mask, and is one of the few casts ever taken from the original mask. When Carlyle's bequest came to Harvard, Prof. Norton presented the cast to the Harvard College library, and the Harvard library thus became possessed of the fourth cast taken from the original mask, the other three being respectively at the Universities of Oxford and Cambridge and in the British Museum. Carlyle considered it undoubtedly the truest existing image of Cromwell's face, far to be preferred to the common casts in which all the finer points of likeness had become obliterated.

Fresh Water Beside the Ocean.

Along the coast of the Island of Cebu, in the Philippines, most of the fresh water wells and springs are situated within a few feet of the ocean, but, strange to say, the salty taste of

The Bamboo Water Vessels.

the sea cannot be detected. The women of Cebu take the water to their homes in long bamboo vessels, and in this picture are shown some Visayan women getting their day's supply.

Wonderful Imitation in Animals.

Some animals have wonderful powers of imitation. Dogs brought up in the company of cats have been known to acquire the trick of licking the paws and then washing the face.

When a cat has been taught to sit up for her food her kittens have been known to imitate her action. Darwin tells of a cat that was in the habit of putting her paw into the mouth of a narrow milk pitcher every time she got the chance and then licking the cream off her paw. Her kitten soon learned the same trick.

A lady tells of a rabbit that she keeps in a cage with a monkey, and says that Bunnie has caught many of the monkey's ways.—Detroit News-Tribune.

Some Peculiar Names of Women.

Flower names have always been in favor, but at present the names of precious stones run them a good second. Lord Edward Churchill's daughters are Ruby and Beryl; there is Miss Pearl Finch, daughter of Mr. George Finch, of Burley-on-the-Hill; Miss Frances Wilseley, only child and heiress of Lord Wolseley, has also the name of Garnet; and the new Lady Hardinge, whose husband has recently been appointed Ambassador at St. Petersburg, owns a beautiful baby called Diamond.—From M. A. P.

FOUR FISH ON ONE CAST.

Two Perch and Two Trout, According to This Angler's Story.

It is something after all to be the hero of a record, even if it does not mean much, and perhaps the successful landing of four fish on one cast is not unworthy of being rescued from oblivion.

It happened with me on the Shannon in Ireland some few years ago in the last or very nearly the last of my seasons with the wet fly, and is the more remarkable as I have not fished with four flies on my cast half a dozen times in my life. I was fishing from a boat anchored at the tail of the strong broken water of the weir, and rose and hooked what I saw was a trout of about half a pound.

Presently as I was playing him his motions seemed to become most erratic; he would pull heavily down and then instantly there would be slack or a movement down stream would become a movement up with a suddenness quite bewildering, and for a few minutes I could make neither head nor tail of the action that was going on below. At last on the line coming closer I saw there was a good sized perch on the highest dropper, and presently I saw a second perch on the lower, while a moment later I was astonished to see that my trout was also still on the point with a smaller trout on the dropper next him.

None of the fish was large of course, though the perch next me was quite a pound; but I saw there was scarcely a possible chance to get all four into the boat safely, so hauling up the stone and rope which held me, I quietly started paddling for the shore a hundred yards off with alternative strokes of the oars. Strange to say, I reached the low shelving shore without a single fish escaping, and slipping out of the boat drew the whole string ashore in triumph. The four fish were about two pounds in weight; and I had an applauding gallery of several young fellows on the bank whom it took me all my time to restrain from rushing into the shallow water to scoop out the struggling fish when they saw the extraordinary catch I was trying to drag ashore.—From London Field.

A Survival of Type.

When Lucy Ellen Morse was born it was announced that she was "all Morse," a fact which her young mother, greatly awed and honored by her connection with the Morse family, hailed with joy. Thereafter no criticism on the baby could be allowed.

"I think Lucy Ellen is a very hard baby to get to sleep, from my one experience with her," said a youthful and courageous aunt who had been left in charge of Lucy Ellen for a day.

The family was aghast at such heresy.

"Fretful!" repeated the Morses, one and all, and then they turned to the mother of Lucy Ellen as the one to whom the complete refutation of this monstrous statement should be left.

"I don't know what you would expect of a ten months' old baby," said Mrs. Morse, withering the unwise aunt with a side glance.

"She sleeps in the old cradle in which her father and grandfather were rocked, and all she requires ever is to have it tilted gently back and forth for half an hour, steadily, and she falls into the sweetest sleep. I presume you may have jounced it, being only used to modern babies, who don't' have ancestors' cradles, dear," added Mrs. Morse, lenient to her erring relative at the thought of Lucy Ellen's unusual heritage.

"Perhaps I did," said the young aunt, meekly. "My feet went to sleep before Lucy Ellen did."

"Your feet!" cried Mrs. Morse, reproachfully. "Lucy Ellen is rocked by hand, just as her father was. We sit on the floor, of course, to do it. Poor little lamb!" she cried to the household idol. "No wonder she didn't go to sleep! We forgot the aunty didn't know. But it sha'n't ever happen again—"

"No, it certainly sha'n't," said the visiting aunt, with a peculiar glint in her eye.

Reporters and Orators.

There have been errors in reporting, of course. There always will be such errors. But inaccuracies of this kind are usually insignificant, and they are more than balanced by the dressing up and revision which good reporters devote to careless, illogical and sometimes ungrammatical speeches. If it were not for the maligned reporter, nine speeches in ten that are not delivered from manuscript would read like a "combination of bad grammar and delirium tremens," as Mark Twain put it. It is the saving grace of reportorial revision that has made many an oratorical reputation in this country. The public speaker who does not recognize his obligations to the men who report him is an ingrate. A just punishment for him would be to print his speeches exactly as he delivers them. After two or three experiences of that regimen he would have nothing to say of "inaccurate reporters."

In Different Sets.

It is but seldom, one imagines, that a good joke is made about an oyster. Edmund Yates, however, in his 'Recollections and Experiences," relates one. "I was walking with Thackeray one evening from the club," writes Yates, "and passing a fish shop in New street, he noticed two different tubs of oysters, one marked "s. a dozen,' and the other '1s. 3d. a dozen.'

"'How they must hate each other,' said Thackeray."

Saturday Night Talks

By Rev. F. E. DAVISON
Rutland, Vt.

VACATING A PULPIT

International Bible Lesson for May 9, '09—(Acts 13: 13-52).

John Wesley had an infallible rule by which he decided the fitness of candidates for the ministry. He sent them out upon a tour of the churches, and when they returned he had three questions to ask as follows: Was anybody converted? Was anybody sanctified? Was anybody mad? If the candidate could give an affirmative reply to any one of these questions, he was considered eligible, but if he had to confess that he could neither get people converted, sanctified nor mad it was pretty conclusive evidence that he was not called to preach. The gospel is the power of God unto salvation; its proclamation makes men better or worse, and that man may well be doubtful of his right to occupy a pulpit whose words leave no influence upon men one way or the other.

Opposition Aroused.

There are some modern preachers who get into a panic when they discover that their message has aroused opposition; whereas that is one of the clearest evidences that they are following instructions and demonstrating their fitness to stand as ambassadors for Christ. The great preachers from Elijah down have created a disturbance. The true messenger will always cause a rattling among the dry bones. No man of God should ever apologize for disturbing the peace of somnolent saints or rebuking sin in high places. Of course it will be understood that I make no plea for boorishness, personalities, antagonism of individuals or using the pulpit of God's house to indulge in abusive language. But when the proclamation of the gospel arouses opposition it should be regarded by every man as an evidence of piety and power.

The apostle Paul came to just such an experience at Antioch in Pisidia on his first missionary tour. The first sermon he preached pleased the people so much that they begged him to stay through the week and occupy the pulpit the next Sabbath. All that week the Jews were talking up the great preacher and urging the brethren to come out and hear him. But the Gentiles also became interested and they packed the synagogue when the day of service came. But what was the surprise and indignation of the Jews when they heard the same sermon preached, with a Gentile application. Like dogs in the manger they growled and contradicted and blasphemed, and broke up the meeting with their tumult. It was the same sermon that they had previously lauded. It was all right so long as it suited their prejudices, but when they saw that it was actually a gospel for all men they spit upon it with insults.

Opposition Working.

Not satisfied with this they determined to get rid of the preacher, and they took the most effective method to carry out their purpose. The Scripture says, "The Jews stirred up the devout and honorable women. . . and raised up persecution against Paul and Barnabas and expelled them out of their coasts." It would be interesting to know what part those "devout and honorable women" took in bringing about that result. Did they begin to criticise his personal appearance, the cut of his clothes, the method of parting his hair? Did they send a committee to suggest that it would be wise not to displease Brother So and So, and Sister Such and Such, on account of their financial contributions? Nobody knows. The record is silent; all we know is, Paul saw the cloud rising on the horizon no bigger than a man's, or woman's hand, and he concluded that discretion is the better part of valor and moved on to "fresh fields and pastures new."

Opposition Successful.

And herein he showed his wisdom. There is no faithful preacher but can find work somewhere. The very message that makes some people howling mad will make other people shouting happy. Why should a man stay in a den of lions when he can spend his days where birds sing all day and all night! Why should a man waste his strength and ingenuity forcing the bread of life down unwilling throats, when he can just as well go to those who are so hungry that they will take it from him as fast as he can pass it out! It ought to be understood that it is no disgrace for a preacher to be chased out of a pulpit by "devout and honorable women" when the only charge against him is the bigotry and self-righteousness of his hearers. The greatest preacher of the ages, Paul the apostle, was vexed and tormented by those who did not like his preaching. An intelligent preacher ought to know before anybody else knows, when his work is done. God not only tells men to "Come," but to "Go." In the war of the rebellion we had six months' men, and the same thing is true in the spiritual conflict. The fact that a preacher's predecessor spent all his days in one parish is no criterion: he might not have remained three weeks anywhere else. There are misfits in the pulpit as there are everywhere else; sometimes the preacher is too big for a pulpit and sometimes too small. But in either case the "devout and honorable women" find it out. If these women had been of no consequence in the community, possibly Paul would have paid no attention to them.

THE LITTLE WOODEN BARREL.

Turned Out in This Country in Millions and Sold All Over the World.

Among the all but endless variety of things of wood produced in American factories are little wooden barrels. They are turned out of white birch, and come in many sizes, from tiny affairs an inch and a half high up to barrels ten inches high.

The biggest of them are turned with a hand manipulated tool, but those ranging from six inches downward, are turned each with a cutting tool, having an edge so formed that it turns the barrel all at once. They set a block of wood in the lathe and adjust the cutting tool and it turns the barrel into shape complete as quickly as a man turning with a hand tool could have turned one of the hoops on it; and on the smallest barrels one man can run three or four machines.

The barrels are sold in the aggregate in great numbers, millions of them yearly. A single tack manufacturing concern buys them in carload lots, 2,000 gross or 288,000 barrels at a time. Great numbers are used by confectioners, who fill them with candy, and they are used to contain a bottle of perfumery.

Many are sold to be given away at fairs or in other ways, being filled with a sample of a staple product of the region, perhaps of flour, or it might be of sugar. Many of them are made with a slot cut in one end or head, through which coins can be dropped, the little barrels in this form being used for savings banks, or given out by Sunday school teachers to their pupils to make collections in for some specific purpose. Individual purchasers buy the little barrels to use for button boxes, and great numbers of them are sold for toys.

So in this country there are used millions of them annually, and for all the various uses to which the little barrels are put they are exported in large numbers to countries all over the world.

Don't Fold Your Arms.

By folding your arms you will pull the shoulders forward, flatten the chest and impair deep breahing. Folding the arms across the chest so flattens it down that it requires a conscious effort to keep the chest in what should be its natural position. As soon as you forget yourself down drops the chest.

We cannot see ourselves as others see us. If we could, many of us would be ashamed of our chests. The position you hold your body in most of the time soon becomes its natural position. Continuously folding your arms across the chest will develop a flat chest and a rounded back.

Here are four other hints which should be made habits: Keep the back of the neck close to the back of the collar at all possible times. Always carry the chest farther to the front than any other part of the anterior body. Draw the abdomen in and up a hundred times each day. Take a dozen deep slow breaths a dozen times each day.—The Family Doctor.

Happiest Man on Earth.

Across the front of the cottage of Johann Schmid, who lives in the village of Suhr, in the canton of Argovie, is the sentence, painted in large letters: "Here lives the happiest man on earth."

Schmid who is 55 years of age, said to an interviewer: "I defy you to find a happier man than myself. I have never worked, never married, never been ill, and have never been anxious for the future. I eat well, drink well, and sleep well. What more would you have?"

When in his teens Schmid was left by his father an income of about £1 a week and a small piece of land. He built his cottage on the land and has occupied it ever since.—London Standard.

Anaesthetics Known in Middle Ages.

Lecturing before the Association of Surgeons at Munich on narcotics Prof. Klem said that the process of reducing the sensibilities of patients with a view to making operations painless was known and practiced in the Middle Ages. Bishop Theodorus of Chervira wrote a prescription for a pain destroyer in the twelfth century which contained opium, morphine and hyascum. A medical work printed in 1460 contains the first known treatise on inhalation and we now inject under the skin the soothing mixture which in 1460 was inhaled.—London Globe.

Chestnut Tree the Belfry.

Epiphany Mission, a little Protestant Episcopal church at Sherwood, Ohio, recently received the gift of a large bell. As it is without a tower or belfry, the members pondered long over the disposition of the bell. The problem was solved by hanging the bell to an old chestnut tree which stands so near the church that one large limb extends over the roof. The bell is rung as easily from the vestry room as if it were in the building.

Thrifty French Peasantry.

The French peasant wastes nothing. Leaves of trees are collected for bedding for the cattle and in years of leanness, are used as fodder. He gathers the mushrooms of the fields and the edible fungi of the woods and finds a ready market for such waste products as the nuts of the wayside hazels or the black berries of the heaths. He snares small birds, whether famous for song or plumage.—Country Life.

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RAILROAD.

"THE ROAD OF ANTHRACITE."

If you contemplate spending the Summer months in Florida or California, call upon our local ticket agent for particulars.

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MUCH of the work that is done in this office is of kinds that can be done by hand only. Nine-tenths of all job printing done in any country office must be done by hand. It can't be done with a machine.

This office is fully equipped to do all kinds of printing at the lowest prices consistent with good work.

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If you have been a customer of ours, you know the character of our work. If not, we shall be glad to fill a trial order. Among other things in our line are

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THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, MAY 6, 1909.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

The May session of court opened on Monday morning, with all the Judges on the Bench.

Alex. C. Jackson, Esq., presented his report as auditor in the estate of John Huffnagle, deceased, which was confirmed nisi.

Petition of H. C. Laubach for the sale of his real estate situate in West Berwick and elsewhere, valued at $21,000, divested of the dower interest on the ground that his wife Emma A. Laubach was non compos mentis. Sale authorized by the Court.

In the estate of James B. Kinney, deceased, W. C. Johnston, Esq., presented a petition asking for the appointment of appraisers to set aside the $300 to the widow without taking out letters of administration

Petition of citizens of Greenwood township was presented asking for the appointment of Webster Eves as Poor Director of Bloom Poor District to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chandlee Eves.

C. W. Miller, Esq., presented petition of Millard Eves, guardian of William Chandlee Mason to permit him to invest $400 of ward's estate in bonds of Millville Water Company. Investment allowed by the Court.

Clinton Herring, Esq., presented the bond of C. W. Sweppenheiser as tax collector of Mifflin township, which was approved.

C. R. Stauffer vs. Milton Henrie et al. Rule granted to show cause why judgment should not be stricken off on the ground that the name of one of the defendants was forged.

Clinton Herring, Esq., presented a petition asking that J. S. Cole be appointed Poor Overseer of Bloom Poor District to fill the vacancy caused by death of Chandlee Eves.

James L. Evans, Esq., presented a petition for discharge of Norman Shetler, who had served his sentence under conviction for f. and b.

Harry Stees, Esq., presented his report as auditor of the public accounts which was confirmed nisi.

In the estate of Daniel Sullivan, deceased, the report of John G. Freeze, Esq., auditor, was confirmed nisi.

In the matter of the petition of W. C. White for satisfaction of ancient mortgage The Recorder of the County was ordered to enter satisfaction of the same on the records upon payment of costs.

In the case of Yetter vs. Yetter, H. Mont. Smith, Esq., presented bond for obedience to order of Court, which was accepted by the Court.

Daisy F. Knouse vs. Sterling G. Knouse; divorce decreed by the Court on ground of desertion.

W. H. Rhawn, Esq., presented a petition asking for the appointment of John C. Parker as Poor Director of Bloom Poor District to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Chandlee Eves.

Fred Ikeler, Esq., presented his report as auditor in the estate of Millard O. Bowman, deceased, for confirmation nisi.

Report of Frank Ikeler, auditor in the estate of William A. Hiringer was confirmed nisi.

C. E. Kreisher, Esq., presented the following report of Commissioners against the division of Catawissa borough into two election districts confirmed nisi.

The report of C. B. Ent, Trustee, for sale of real estate of Albert Vitchey, deceased in partition, confirmed nisi.

Clinton Bredbenner vs. Stella Bredbenner, petition was presented for divorce on grounds of desertion, etc.; subpœna awarded.

On the petition of Lewis Dreisach he was appointed guardian of minor childrem of Aaron Trexler, deceased.

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, LUCAS COUNTY. } ss.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and state aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure

FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(SEAL.) A. W. GLEASON, NOTARY PUBLIC.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggisst, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Report of sale in the estate of Emma Helwig, deceased, confirmed nisi.

L. E. Waller, Esq., was continued as auditor in the estate of Ada and Aaron Trexler, deceased, to make report second Monday of May term.

A. L. Fritz, Esq., presented a petition asking for appointment of Joseph H. Dennis as Poor Director for Bloom Poor District to fill vacancy caused by the death of Chandlee Eves.

In the estate of Dorothy A. Creveling, deceased, report of sale confirmed nisi.

Charles Clyde Yetter, Esq., presented the resignation of C. E Whitenight as one of the constables of the Town of Bloomsburg William Dieterick was appointed to fill the vacancy upon his filing a bond in the sum of $1,000 to be approved by the Court.

Register of wills Frank W. Miller presented accounts for confirmation nisi.

Clerk of the Court Freeze Quick presented for confirmation nisi the widows' appraisements.

In the divorce proceedings of Fannie Stiles, petition presented for appointment of a master.

Vandemark vs. Vandemark; divorce; motion continued in this case.

McEwan vs. McEwan; divorce; petition for master was presented by W. E. Elmes, Esq.

Benson vs. Benson; divorce; Jas. L. Evans, Esq., appointed master to take testimony in the case.

GRAND JURY RETURNS FOLLOWING BILLS.

Com. vs. John Fedorco. Not a true bill and prosecutor Frank Omfroh to pay the costs.

Com. vs. M. J. McDonald. Not a true bill. Prosecutor Edward J. Shaffer to pay the costs.

Com. vs. Edward Giger. True bill.

Before Associate Judges Yeager and Krickbaum an inquest in lunacy in the case of Sarah Kline was held Tuesday. The jury to hear the evidence and to decide the same were George Alleman, James Courtright, Charles J. Potter, William Eves, E. R. Creveling and Charles Shultz. The jury returned a verdict finding that she was a lunatic.

Subsequently, on petition presented by C. A Small, Esq., the Court appointed her daughter, Lydia A. Boone, her committee, for the purpose of applying for a pension.

The returns made to the Court by the Grand Jury were as follows:

Com. vs John McCarthy. Charge, jail breaking. A true bill.

Com. vs. John McCarthy. Charge, burglary. A true bill.

Com. vs. Percy Brewington. Criminal libel. Not a true bill, prosecutor, E. B. Tustin, to pay the costs.

Com. vs. Harry Grassley and Jennie Grassley. Fraudulently removing goods after levy. True bill as to Harry Grassley. Nolle prosequi as to Jennie Grassley.

Com. vs. Lugi Berideno. A true bill. Charge, false pretense.

Com vs. Wasel Savyaercheck. Charge, assault and battery. A true bill.

Com. vs. Anna Jones. Charge, larceny. A true bill.

Com, vs. Charles Hoffman. Charge, larceny. A true bill.

Upon petition presented to the Court Tuesday Bartley Albertson was appointed Registry assessor to fill vecancy caused by the resignation of Wesley Morris.

E. J. Flynn, Esq., presented a petition asking for the appointment of a master in the divorce proceedings of Laura E. Haviland vs. Edward C. Haviland.

Upon petition presented, John Wango who has been in jail on account of non payment of costs which the Court imposed upon him in a case in which he was prosecutor and the bill ignored was discharged from custody.

A petition was presented to the Court asking for the appointment of Bartley Heacock as Registry assessor for West Greenwood district to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Wesley Morris.

Scranton's Exhibition.

Scranton's first industrial exhibition, which opened on Saturday night and will continue all this week, will give the public an idea of the industrial importance of the city. Probably few persons realize that Scranton, the thirty-eighth city in the United States, is the thirty-sixth in the value of its manufactured products. It is the second silk manufacturing city in the country, and nearly every manufacturing industry is represented on a large scale, save that of leather goods and cutlery. Over 30,000 persons find daily employment in Scranton's mills and shops.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

of the

BLOOMSBURG NATIONAL BANK,

at Bloomsburg, in the State of Penna at the close of business, April 28, 1909.

RESOURCES.

Loans and Discounts		320,967 67
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		81 17
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
Bonds, securities, etc		249,998 15
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		8,000 00
Due from National Banks (not reserve agents)		3,885 43
Due from approved reserve agents		58,462 41
Checks and other cash items		1,078 37
Notes of other National banks		770 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		264 96
Lawful Money Reserve in Bank, viz		
Specie	$25,030 00	
Legal-tender notes	13,080 00	38,110 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer 5 per cent. of circulation		5,000 00
Total		$786,918 16

LIABILTIES.

Capital stock paid in		$100,000 00
Surplus fund		50,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		6,492 22
National Bank notes outstanding		99,000 00
Due to other National Banks		10,378 90
Individual deposits subject to check	520,337 71	
Certified checks	165 68	
Cashier's checks outstanding	243 59	520,746 98
Total		$786,618 16

State of Pennsylvania, } ss:
County of Columbia }

I. WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

WM. H. HIDLAY, Cashier

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of April, 1909.

J. C. RUTTER, Notary Public.

Commission Expires Mar. 16, 1911.

Correct—Attest:

A. Z. SCHOCH,
PAUL E. WIRT,
J. E. SHUMAN,
R. J. RUHL, } Directors.

Philadelphians are squealing like stuck pigs. They have been voting for graft and plunder for years, and keeping in political power the very men who are responsible for the present state of things. But now that the Rapid Transit Company has refused to sell six tickets for a quarter, and are charging a straight five cent fare, their own pockets are touched and they are howling. This is only one of numerous flocks of chickens that are coming home to roost.

To Mothers in This Town.

Children who are delicate, feverish and cross will get immediate relief from Mother Gray's Sweet Powders for children. They cleanse the stomach, act on the liver, making a sickly child strong and healthy. A certain cure for worms. Sold by all druggists, 25c. Sample Free. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 4-15-4t

Congressman John G. McHenry has declined an invitation to deliver the Memorial Day address at Shamokin, very properly believing that it is his duty to remain at Washington and attend to business. It requires time and labor to prepare such an address, and he does not feel that he ought to take the time from his official duties.

DON'T COUGH, BUT LIVE LONG.

If every cough were cured before it got a strong hold, human life would be lengthened by many years. If every coughing sufferer knew that Kemp's Balsam would stop the cough in a few minutes, he would be glad to escape the serious consequences. If any medicine will cure a cough, Kemp's Balsam will do it. At druggists' and dealers', 25c.

Envelopes

75,000 Envelopes carried in stock at the COLUMBIAN Office. The line includes drug envelopes, pay, coin, baronial, commercial sizes, number 6, 6½, 6¾, 9, 10 and 11, catalog, &c. Prices range from $1.50 per 1000 printed, up to $5.00. Largest stock in the county to select from.

Old Rhyme Amended and Englished.

The Fourth, Eleventh, Fifth, and Sixth,
Have thirty days to each affixed,
And all the rest have thirty one,
Except the Second month alone,
Which has but twenty eight in store
Till leap year gives it one day more.

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2-25-tf.

Advice For The Tired Women

Is it a headache, a backache, a sensation of irritability or twitching and uncontrollable nervousness? Something must be wrong with the head or back, a woman naturally says, but all the time the real trouble very often centers in the womanly organs. In nine cases out of ten the seat of the difficulty is here, and a woman should take rational treatment for its cure. The local disorder and inflammation of the delicate special organs of the sex should be treated steadily and systematically.

Dr. Pierce, during a long period of practice, found that a prescription made up of the active medicinal principles of native American roots, extracted by the use of chemically pure glycerine, cured over ninety per cent. of such cases. After using this remedy for many years in his private practice he put it up in a form that would make it easily procurable, and it can be had at any store where medicines are handled.

You are not asked to close your eyes to what is in this (R) prescription of Dr. Pierce. He tells you all about it and puts a label with all the ingredients upon the bottle—they are Lady's Slipper root, Golden Seal root, Black Cohosh root, Unicorn root, Blue Cohosh root and triple-refined glycerine. These various ingredients are all extolled and recommended by various medical authorities. Thus F. Ellingwood, M. D., of Bennett Medical College, Chicago, says of Lady Slipper root: "exercises special influence upon nervous conditions depending upon disorders of female organs; relieves pain," etc.

Prof. John King in the American Dispensatory, says of Black Cohosh root—"This is a very active powerful and useful remedy. By its special affinity for the female organs it is an efficient agent for suppression. In dysmenorrhea (painful periods), it is *surpassed by no other drug*, being of greatest utility in irritative and congestive conditions, characterized by dragging down pains. The same author says of Blue Cohosh that it has enjoyed a well-merited reputation for when used by delicate women it gives tone and vigor to the parts and relieves much pain." Prof. Hale says "It controls chronic inflammatory states of the (female) organs and gives tone in cases of debility."

Dr. John Fyfe, of Saugatuck, Conn., says of Unicorn root (*Helonias Dioica*) one of the chief ingredients of Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription:

"A remedy which invariably acts as a uterine invigorator and always favors a condition which makes for normal activity of the entire system, cannot fail to be of great usefulness and of the utmost importance to the general practitioner of medicine."

"In Helonias we have a medicament which more fully answers the above purposes *than any other drug with which I am acquainted*. In the treatment of diseases peculiar to women it is seldom that a case is seen which does not present some indication for this remedial agent."

Aching from head to foot—that is the condition that afflicts some women at stated periods—backache, dizziness, and pains almost unbearable. An honest and a safe remedy which no woman can afford to lose the opportunity of trying for the cure of these distressing complaints which weaken a woman's vitality is Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription—an honest medicine which has the largest number of *cures* to its credit and a deserved popularity for two score years all over the United States.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure biliousness, sick and bilious headache, dizziness, costiveness, or constipation of the bowels, loss of appetite, coated tongue, sour stomach, windy belchings, "heartburn," pain and distress after eating, and kindred derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels.

Persons who are subject to any of these troubles should never be without a vial of the "Pleasant Pellets" at hand. In proof of their superior excellence it can truthfully be said that they are always adopted as a household remedy after the first trial.

One little "Pellet" is a laxative, two are cathartic. They regulate, invigorate and cleanse the liver, stomach and bowels. As a "dinner pill," to promote digestion, take one each day. To relieve the distress arising from overeating, nothing equals one of these little "Pellets." They're tiny, sugar-coated, antibilious granules, scarcely larger than mustard seeds.

HEALTH AND HAPPINESS.

How to live in health and happiness is the general theme of Dr. Pierce's Common Sense Medical Adviser. This great work on medicine and hygiene, containing over 1000 pages and more than 700 illustrations, is sent free on receipt of stamps to pay expense of mailing *only*. Send 31 one-cent stamps for the cloth-bound volume, or only 21 stamps for the book in paper covers.

Captain Carlisle D. Graham.

Captain Carlisle D. Graham, aged 58 years, who achieved fame by successfully making the perilous trip through the Niagara Rapids five times, died at Detroit on Monday, at the home of his sister, from a cold.

Four times Captain Graham went through the rapids in a barrel and once he swam the distance. He arrived at Detroit Friday on his way to Philadelphia, where he formerly lived, at No. 2217 South street, after visiting in Winnipeg. He then had a cold, which steadily became worse, and resulted fatally.

Graham had earned for himself the title of "Captain," He was born in Wilmington, Del., but spent most of his early life in Canada, on the shores of Lake Ontario. Here he learned to swim. When 14 years old he went to Philadelphia and learned the trade of cooper. He accomplished the passage of the Niagara Rapids and Whirlpool in a cask on July 11, 1886. He made another trip on August 19 following. This time he lost his cask and swam the rapids. He followed this swim with three others. In another attempt to swim the rapids with Miss Maud Williard and Beauty, his fox-terrier, Miss Williard was drowned. The terrier is still alive, and is cared for at Graham's former home, in Philadelphia.

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